

UHRF1 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8846c

Product Information

Application FC, IF, WB, E **Primary Accession Q96T88** Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Calculated MW** 89814 **Antigen Region** 229-257

Additional Information

Gene ID 29128

Other Names E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1, 632-, Inverted CCAAT box-binding protein

of 90 kDa, Nuclear protein 95, Nuclear zinc finger protein Np95, HuNp95, hNp95, RING finger protein 106, Transcription factor ICBP90, Ubiquitin-like

PHD and RING finger domain-containing protein 1, hUHRF1,

Ubiquitin-like-containing PHD and RING finger domains protein 1, UHRF1,

ICBP90, NP95, RNF106

Target/Specificity This UHRF1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 229-257 amino acids from the Central

region of human UHRF1.

Dilution FC~~1:10~50 IF~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions UHRF1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name UHRF1

Synonyms

ICBP90, NP95, RNF106

Function

Multidomain protein that acts as a key epigenetic regulator by bridging DNA methylation and chromatin modification. Specifically recognizes and binds hemimethylated DNA at replication forks via its YDG domain and recruits DNMT1 methyltransferase to ensure faithful propagation of the DNA methylation patterns through DNA replication. In addition to its role in maintenance of DNA methylation, also plays a key role in chromatin modification: through its tudor-like regions and PHD-type zinc fingers, specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 trimethylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me3) and unmethylated at 'Arg-2' (H3R2me0), respectively, and recruits chromatin proteins. Enriched in pericentric heterochromatin where it recruits different chromatin modifiers required for this chromatin replication. Also localizes to euchromatic regions where it negatively regulates transcription possibly by impacting DNA methylation and histone modifications. Has E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity by mediating the ubiquitination of target proteins such as histone H3 and PML. It is still unclear how E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity is related to its role in chromatin in vivo. Plays a role in DNA repair by cooperating with UHRF2 to ensure recruitment of FANCD2 to interstrand cross-links (ICLs) leading to FANCD2 activation. Acts as a critical player of proper spindle architecture by catalyzing the 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of KIF11, thereby controlling KIF11 localization on the spindle (PubMed:<u>37728657</u>).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000255 | PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00358, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:10646863, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:17673620, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:17967883, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:19056828, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:21777816, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:30335751 }

Note=Associated, through the YDG domain (also called SRA domain), with replicating DNA from early to late S phase, including at replicating pericentric heterochromatin (By similarity). Also localizes to euchromatic regions. In non-S-phase cells, homogenously distributed through the nucleus (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q8VDF2}

Tissue Location

Expressed in thymus, bone marrow, testis, lung and heart. Overexpressed in breast cancer.

Background

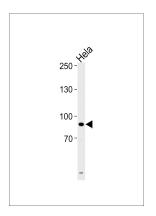
UHRF1 is a member of a subfamily of RING-finger type E3 ubiquitin ligases. The protein binds to specific DNA sequences, and recruits a histone acetylase to regulate gene expression. Its expression peaks at late G1 phase and continues during G2 and M phases of the cell cycle. It plays a major role in the G1/S transition by regulating topoisomerase IIalpha and retinoblastoma gene expression, and functions in the p53-dependent DNA damage checkpoint.

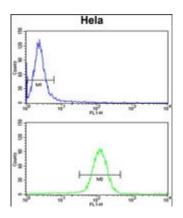
References

Achour, M., et.al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 390 (3), 523-528 (2009)

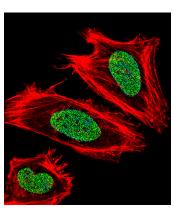
Images

UHRF1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8846c) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the UHRF1 antibody detected the UHRF1 protein (arrow).





UHRF1 Antibody (Center) (Cat.#AP8846c) flow cytometry analysis of Hela cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.



Fluorescent confocal image of Hela cell stained with UHRF1 Antibody (Center)(Cat#AP8846c). Hela cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with UHRF1 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 µg/ml, 10 min). UHRF1 immunoreactivity is localized to Nucleus significantly.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.