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GAPDH Antibody(HRP conjugated)

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP90055

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P04406
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse, Zebrafish, Monkey, Chicken
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	aging-associated gene 9 protein; G3P; G3PD; GAPD; GAPDH; glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase; Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; MGC88685
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	36053

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:5000~1:20000
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human GAPDH(HRP conjugated)
Description	Glyceraldehyde 3 phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) is well known as one of the key enzymes involved in glycolysis. GAPDH is constitutively abundant expressed in almost cell types at high levels, therefore antibodies against GAPDH are useful as loading controls for Western Blotting.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

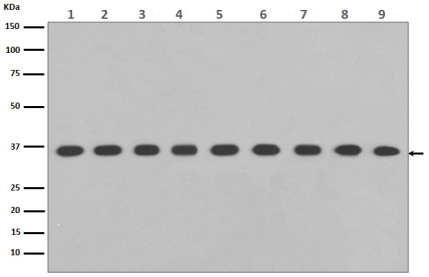
Name	GAPDH {ECO:0000303|PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4141}
Function	Catalyzes the conversion of D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate in glycolysis and the reverse reaction in gluconeogenesis (PubMed:11724794, PubMed:3170585). Also shows nitrosylase activity, thereby playing a role in nuclear functions (PubMed:11724794, PubMed:3170585). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:23071094). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs

(such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:23071094). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:23332158, PubMed:27387501). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12829261}

Images



Western blot analysis of GAPDH expression in (1) Jurkat cell lysate; (2) A375 cell lysate; (3) Human hippocampus lysate; (4) Human fetal liver lysate; (5) COS-1 cell lysate; (6) Raw264.7 cell lysate; (7) Mouse kidney lysate; (8) PC-12 cell lysate; (9) Rat brain lysate with GAPDH Antibody.

Image not found : 202311/AP90055-wb6.jpg

Constitutive Activation of β-Catenin in Differentiated Osteoclasts Induces Bone Loss in Mice. -Cell Physiol Biochem

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