

CD11b Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90086

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IHF
Primary Accession	<u>P11215</u>
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	CR3A; MO1A; CD11B; MAC-1; MAC1A; SLEB6;ITGAM
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	127179

Additional Information

DU dia	
Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD11b
Description	ITGAM, also named as CD11B and CR3A, belongs to the integrin alpha chain family. It is implicated in various adhesive interactions of monocytes, macrophages and granulocytes as well as in mediating the uptake of complement-coated particles. ITGAM is identical with CR-3, the receptor for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component. It probably recognizes the R-G-D peptide in C3b.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	ITGAM
Synonyms	CD11B, CR3A
Function	Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is implicated in various adhesive interactions of monocytes, macrophages and granulocytes as well as in mediating the uptake of complement-coated particles and pathogens (PubMed: <u>20008295</u> , PubMed: <u>9558116</u>). It is identical with CR-3, the receptor for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component. It probably recognizes the R-G-D peptide in C3b. Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is also a receptor for fibrinogen, factor X and ICAM1. It recognizes P1 and P2 peptides of fibrinogen gamma chain. Regulates neutrophil migration (PubMed: <u>28807980</u>). In association with beta subunit ITGB2/CD18, required for CD177-PRTN3-mediated activation of TNF primed neutrophils (PubMed: <u>21193407</u>). May regulate phagocytosis-induced apoptosis in extravasated neutrophils (By similarity). May play a role in mast

	cell development (By similarity). Required with TYROBP/DAP12 in microglia to control production of microglial superoxide ions which promote the neuronal apoptosis that occurs during brain development (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane raft; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Predominantly expressed in monocytes and granulocytes (PubMed:1346576). Expressed in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:21193407).

Images



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