

HDAC11 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90100

Product Information

Application	WB, IP
Primary Accession	<u>Q96DB2</u>
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	HDAC11; HD11; Histone deacetylase 11;
lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	39183

Additional Information

Dilution Purification Immunogen Description	WB 1:1000~1:2000 IP 1:50 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human HDAC11 play an important role in the modification of chromatin structure and thus in the suppression and activation of transcription and cellular differentiation. There are 11 members in the HDAC family that are classified into four classes. Class I HDACs represent homologs of the yeast histone deacetylase RPD3, class II HDACs share strong homology with the yeast histone deacetylase HDA1, class III HDAC are closely related to the yeast SIR2 protein, and class IV HDACs comprises Histone deacetylase 11 (HDAC11)-related enzymes. HDAC11 contains 347 amino acid residues.
Storage Condition and Buffer	

Protein Information

Name	HDAC11
Function	Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes.
Cellular Location	Nucleus.
Tissue Location	Weakly expressed in most tissues. Strongly expressed in brain, heart, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis



Western blot analysis of HDAC11 expression in (1) Jurkat cell lysate;(2) MCF7 cell lysate.

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