

EGFR (ErbB 1) Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90171

Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC, IP, IHF

Primary Accession P00533

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names ERBB1; Epidermal growth factor receptor precursor; Receptor

protein-tyrosine kinase ErbB-1; kinase EGFR;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW134277

Additional Information

Dilution WB 1:5000~1:10000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 IP 1:50 FC 1:50

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human EGFR Full-length sequence 1210aa

around the aa1092

Description EGFR is a receptor tyrosine kinase. Receptor for epidermal growth factor (EGF)

and related growth factors including TGF-alpha, amphiregulin, betacellulin, heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor, GP30 and vaccinia virus growth factor.

Is involved in the control of cell growth and differentiation.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name EGFR (HGNC:3236)

Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Function Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating

several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:10805725, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960, PubMed:35538033). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF- alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding

EGF (PubMed:12297049, PubMed:15611079, PubMed:17909029,

PubMed:20837704, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960, PubMed:7679104, PubMed:8144591, PubMed:9419975). Ligand binding triggers receptor homoand/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at

least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:27153536). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:11483589). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:20462955). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

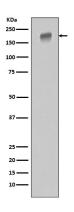
Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:17182860, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

Images



Western blot analysis of EGFR in HeLa cell lysate.

Image not found: 202311/AP90171-IHC.jpg

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human stomach cancer, using EGFR (ErbB 1) Antibody.

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