

C9 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP90228

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IP
Primary Accession	P02748
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	Complement component C9; Comple Complement component C9bment component C9a;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	63173

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 IP 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human C9
Description	C9 is synthesised in the liver and monocytes, and is a plasma protein consisting of a single polypeptide chain of molecular weight 71kDa. Normal plasma concentration is 60mg/L. C9 forms part of the membrane attack complex (MAC) the cytolytic terminal complex of the complement pathways. C9 binds to the membrane associated C5b-8, binding of C9 to C5b-8 leads to the circular polymerisation of 12-18 C9 molecules. This is the basis of the hydrophilic, protein-walled, trans-membrane channel formed by the MAC, which leads to cell lysis and destruction.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	C9 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:4018030, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:1358}
Function	Pore-forming component of the membrane attack complex (MAC), a multiprotein complex activated by the complement cascade, which inserts into a target cell membrane and forms a pore, leading to target cell membrane rupture and cell lysis (PubMed: 22832194 , PubMed: 26841837 , PubMed: 26841934 , PubMed: 27052168 , PubMed: 30552328 , PubMed: 6177822 , PubMed: 9212048 , PubMed: 9634479). The MAC is initiated by proteolytic cleavage of C5 into complement C5b in response to the classical, alternative, lectin and GZMK complement pathways (PubMed: 9212048 , PubMed: 9634479). The complement pathways consist in a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that

strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed:[9212048](#), PubMed:[9634479](#)). Constitutes the pore-forming subunit of the MAC complex: during MAC assembly, C9 associates with the C5b8 intermediate complex, and polymerizes to complete the pore (PubMed:[26841934](#), PubMed:[30111885](#), PubMed:[30552328](#), PubMed:[34752492](#), PubMed:[4055801](#), PubMed:[6177822](#)).

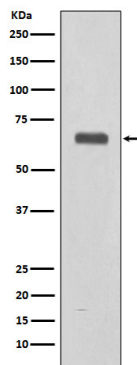
Cellular Location

Secreted. Target cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Note=Secreted as soluble monomer (PubMed:[26841934](#), PubMed:[30111885](#), PubMed:[4055801](#), PubMed:[9634479](#)) Oligomerizes at target membranes, forming a pre-pore (PubMed:[26841934](#), PubMed:[30111885](#), PubMed:[31061395](#), PubMed:[4055801](#), PubMed:[9634479](#)). A conformation change then leads to the formation of a 100 Angstrom diameter pore (PubMed:[26841934](#), PubMed:[30111885](#), PubMed:[31061395](#), PubMed:[4055801](#), PubMed:[9634479](#)).

Tissue Location

Plasma (at protein level).

Images



Western blot analysis of C9 expression in Human fetal liver lysate.

Image not found : 202311/AP90228-IHC.jpg

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney, using C9 Antibody.

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