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Smad5 Antibody

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP90261

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC, IHF
Primary Accession	Q99717
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	Dwfc; JV5-1; MADH5; DKFZp781C1895; DKFZp781O1323; SMAD5;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	52258

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Smad5
Description	Transcriptional modulator activated by BMP (bone morphogenetic proteins) type 1 receptor kinase. Smad5 is a receptor-regulated Smad (R-Smad). Smad5 is required for normal development of the cardiovascular system in vivo; lack of the Smad5 gene results in apoptosis of cardiac myocytes. 3 Upregulation of Smad5 has been reported to mediate apoptosis of gastric epithelial cells induced by Helicobacter pylori infection. Tissue specificity: Ubiquitous.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

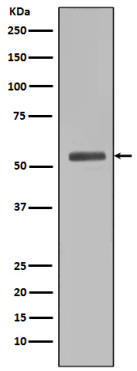
Name	SMAD5 (HGNC:6771)
Synonyms	MADH5
Function	Transcriptional regulator that plays a role in various cellular processes including embryonic development, cell differentiation, angiogenesis and tissue homeostasis (PubMed:12064918, PubMed:16516194). Upon BMP ligand binding to their receptors at the cell surface, is phosphorylated by activated type I BMP receptors (BMPRIs) and associates with SMAD4 to form a heteromeric complex which translocates into the nucleus acting as transcription factor (PubMed:9442019). In turn, the hetero-trimeric complex recognizes cis- regulatory elements containing Smad Binding Elements (SBEs) to modulate the outcome of the signaling network (PubMed:33510867). Non-phosphorylated SMAD5 has a cytoplasmic role in energy metabolism regulation by promoting mitochondrial respiration and glycolysis in response

to cytoplasmic pH changes (PubMed:28675158). Mechanistically, interacts with hexokinase 1/HK1 and thereby accelerates glycolysis (PubMed:28675158).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4

Tissue Location Ubiquitous.

Images



Western blot analysis of Smad5 expression in HEK293 cell lysate.

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