

PRMT5 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP90458

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC, IHF
Primary Accession	O14744
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	HRMT1L5; IBP72; JBP1; SKB1; SKB1Hs; PRMT5; Skb1Hs Methyltransferase;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	72684

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:5000~1:10000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human PRMT5
Description	Involved in regulation of cell cycle progression through G2 by negatively regulating Swe1p, a protein tyrosine kinase that phosphorylates and inhibits Cdc28p. An Hsl7p homologue, Skb1, was identified in fission yeast by virtue of its yeast two-hybrid interaction with Shk1p, a p21 (cdc42p/Rac) activated kinase (PAK).
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	PRMT5
Synonyms	HRMT1L5, IBP72, JBP1, SKB1
Function	Arginine methyltransferase that can both catalyze the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine (MMA) and symmetrical dimethylarginine (sDMA), with a preference for the formation of MMA (PubMed: 10531356 , PubMed: 11152681 , PubMed: 11747828 , PubMed: 12411503 , PubMed: 15737618 , PubMed: 17709427 , PubMed: 20159986 , PubMed: 20810653 , PubMed: 21081503 , PubMed: 21258366 , PubMed: 21917714 , PubMed: 22269951). Specifically mediates the symmetrical dimethylation of arginine residues in the small nuclear ribonucleoproteins Sm D1 (SNRPD1) and Sm D3 (SNRPD3); such methylation being required for the assembly and biogenesis of snRNP core particles (PubMed: 11747828 , PubMed: 12411503 , PubMed: 17709427). Methylates SUPT5H and may regulate its transcriptional elongation properties (PubMed: 12718890). May methylate the N-terminal

region of MBD2 (PubMed:[16428440](#)). Mono- and dimethylates arginine residues of myelin basic protein (MBP) in vitro. May play a role in cytokine-activated transduction pathways. Negatively regulates cyclin E1 promoter activity and cellular proliferation. Methylates histone H2A and H4 'Arg-3' during germ cell development (By similarity). Methylates histone H3 'Arg-8', which may repress transcription (By similarity). Methylates the Piwi proteins (PIWIL1, PIWIL2 and PIWIL4), methylation of Piwi proteins being required for the interaction with Tudor domain-containing proteins and subsequent localization to the meiotic nuage (By similarity). Methylates RPS10. Attenuates EGF signaling through the MAPK1/MAPK3 pathway acting at 2 levels. First, monomethylates EGFR; this enhances EGFR 'Tyr-1197' phosphorylation and PTPN6 recruitment, eventually leading to reduced SOS1 phosphorylation (PubMed:[21258366](#), PubMed:[21917714](#)). Second, methylates RAF1 and probably BRAF, hence destabilizing these 2 signaling proteins and reducing their catalytic activity (PubMed:[21917714](#)). Required for induction of E-selectin and VCAM-1, on the endothelial cells surface at sites of inflammation. Methylates HOXA9 (PubMed:[22269951](#)). Methylates and regulates SRGAP2 which is involved in cell migration and differentiation (PubMed:[20810653](#)). Acts as a transcriptional corepressor in CRY1-mediated repression of the core circadian component PER1 by regulating the H4R3 dimethylation at the PER1 promoter (By similarity). Methylates GM130/GOLGA2, regulating Golgi ribbon formation (PubMed:[20421892](#)). Methylates H4R3 in genes involved in glioblastomagenesis in a CHTOP- and/or TET1-dependent manner (PubMed:[25284789](#)). Symmetrically methylates POLR2A, a modification that allows the recruitment to POLR2A of proteins including SMN1/SMN2 and SETX. This is required for resolving RNA-DNA hybrids created by RNA polymerase II, that form R-loop in transcription terminal regions, an important step in proper transcription termination (PubMed:[26700805](#)). Along with LYAR, binds the promoter of gamma-globin HBG1/HBG2 and represses its expression (PubMed:[25092918](#)). Symmetrically methylates NCL (PubMed:[21081503](#)). Methylates p53/TP53; methylation might possibly affect p53/TP53 target gene specificity (PubMed:[19011621](#)). Involved in spliceosome maturation and mRNA splicing in prophase I spermatocytes through the catalysis of the symmetrical arginine dimethylation of SNRNP (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein- associated protein) and the interaction with tudor domain-containing protein TDRD6 (By similarity).

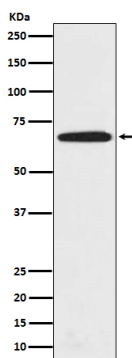
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Chromosome. Golgi apparatus. Note=Localizes to promoter regions of target genes on chromosomes (PubMed:[33376131](#)). Localizes to methylated chromatin (PubMed:[16428440](#)).

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous..

Images



Western blot analysis of PRMT5 expression in HeLa cell lysate.

Image not found : 202311/AP90458-IHC.jpg

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis, using PRMT5 Antibody .

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