

# ARF1 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90794

## **Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, FC
Primary Accession	<u>P84077</u>
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	ADP Ribosylation Factor 1; ARF 1;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	20697

## **Additional Information**

Dilution	
Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ARF1
Description	Stimulate the ADP-ribosyltransferase activity of cholera toxin and play a role in vesicular trafficking as activators of phospholipase D. GTP-binding protein that functions as an allosteric activator of the cholera toxin catalytic subunit, an ADP-ribosyltransferase. Involved in protein trafficking among different compartments.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

#### **Protein Information**

Name	ARF1
Function	Small GTPase involved in protein trafficking between different compartments (PubMed:8253837). Modulates vesicle budding and uncoating within the Golgi complex (PubMed:8253837). In its GTP-bound form, triggers the recruitment of coatomer proteins to the Golgi membrane (PubMed:8253837). The hydrolysis of ARF1-bound GTP, which is mediated by ARFGAPs proteins, is required for dissociation of coat proteins from Golgi membranes and vesicles (PubMed:8253837). The GTP- bound form interacts with PICK1 to limit PICK1-mediated inhibition of Arp2/3 complex activity; the function is linked to AMPA receptor (AMPAR) trafficking, regulation of synaptic plasticity of excitatory synapses and spine shrinkage during long-term depression (LTD) (By similarity). Plays a key role in the regulation of intestinal stem cells and gut microbiota, and is essential for maintaining intestinal homeostasis (By similarity). Also plays a critical role in mast cell expansion but not in mast cell maturation by facilitating optimal mTORC1 activation (By

similarity).

#### Cellular Location Golgi apparatus membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Synapse, synaptosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84079}. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84079}. Note=In the GDP-bound form, associates transiently with the membranes via its myristoylated N-terminus where guanine nucleotide-exchange factor (GEF)-mediated nucleotide exchange occurs (By similarity). Following nucleotide exchange, the GTP-bound form undergoes a conformational change, leading to the exposure of a myristoylated N-terminal amphipathic helix that provides stable membrane anchorage (By similarity). {ECO:000250|UniProtKB:P84080}

### Images



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