

# **SIRT5** Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90919

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB **Primary Accession Q9NXA8** 

Reactivity Human, Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** SIR2-like protein 5; SIR2L5; Sirt5; Sirtuin 5; Sirtuin type 5;

Isotype Rabbit IgG Host Rabbit 33881 Calculated MW

## **Additional Information**

**Dilution** WB 1:1000~1:2000 **Purification** Affinity-chromatography

A synthesized peptide derived from human SIRT5 **Immunogen** 

**Description** The Silent Information Regulator (SIR2) family of genes is a highly conserved

> group of genes that encode nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD)-dependent protein deacetylases, also known as Class III histone deacetylases. SirT5, a mammalian homolog of Sir2, is localized to the mitochondria and has been implicated in the regulation of cell metabolism.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

#### **Protein Information**

Name SIRT5 {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03160}

SIR2L5 **Synonyms** 

**Function** NAD-dependent lysine demalonylase, desuccinylase and deglutarylase that

specifically removes malonyl, succinyl and glutaryl groups on target proteins

(PubMed: <u>21908771</u>, PubMed: <u>22076378</u>, PubMed: <u>24703693</u>,

PubMed: 29180469). Activates CPS1 and contributes to the regulation of blood ammonia levels during prolonged fasting: acts by mediating desuccinylation and deglutarylation of CPS1, thereby increasing CPS1 activity in response to elevated NAD levels during fasting (PubMed:22076378, PubMed:24703693). Activates SOD1 by mediating its desuccinylation, leading to reduced reactive oxygen species (PubMed:24140062). Activates SHMT2 by mediating its desuccinylation (PubMed: 29180469). Modulates ketogenesis through the desuccinylation and activation of HMGCS2 (By similarity). Has weak

NAD-dependent protein deacetylase activity; however this activity may not be

physiologically relevant in vivo. Can deacetylate cytochrome c (CYCS) and a number of other proteins in vitro such as UOX.

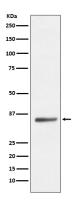
**Cellular Location** 

Mitochondrion matrix. Mitochondrion intermembrane space. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Note=Mainly mitochondrial. Also present extramitochondrially, with a fraction present in the cytosol and very small amounts also detected in the nucleus [Isoform 2]: Mitochondrion {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03160, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21143562}

**Tissue Location** 

Widely expressed..

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of SIRT5 expression in HeLa cell lysate.

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