

Phospho-IRF3 (S386) Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91007

Product Information

Application WB, IF, ICC
Primary Accession Q14653
Reactivity Human
Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names IRF3; Interferon regulatory factor 3;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW47219

Additional Information

Dilution WB 1:1000~1:2000 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-IRF3 (S386)

Description Mediates interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) promoter activation.

Functions as a molecular switch for antiviral activity. DsRNA generated during

the course of an viral infection leads to IRF3 phosphorylation on the C-terminal serine/threonine cluster. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization, nuclear localization and association with CREB

binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a

complex which activates the transcription of genes under the control of ISRE. **Storage Condition and Buffer** Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name IRF3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9803267, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6118}

Function Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)- dependent immune

responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against

DNA and RNA viruses (PubMed:<u>22394562</u>, PubMed:<u>24049179</u>, PubMed:25636800, PubMed:27302953, PubMed:31340999

PubMed:<u>25636800</u>, PubMed:<u>27302953</u>, PubMed:<u>31340999</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>, PubMed:<u>8524823</u>). Regulates the transcription of type I

IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters

(PubMed: <u>11846977</u>, PubMed: <u>16846591</u>, PubMed: <u>16979567</u>,

PubMed:<u>320049431</u>, PubMed:<u>32972995</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>,

PubMed:<u>8524823</u>). Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early

and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction (PubMed: 16846591,

PubMed:<u>16979567</u>, PubMed:<u>20049431</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>). Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases (PubMed:22394562, PubMed: 25636800, PubMed: 27302953, PubMed: 36603579). This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes (PubMed:16154084, PubMed:27302953, PubMed:33440148, PubMed:36603579). Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages (PubMed: 16846591). In response to Sendai virus infection, is recruited by TOMM70:HSP90AA1 to mitochondrion and forms an apoptosis complex TOMM70:HSP90AA1:IRF3:BAX inducing apoptosis (PubMed:25609812). Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed:33440148).

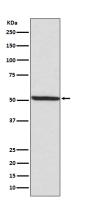
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, with export being the prevailing effect (PubMed:10805757, PubMed:35922005). When activated, IRF3 interaction with CREBBP prevents its export to the cytoplasm (PubMed:10805757). Recruited to mitochondria via TOMM70:HSP90AA1 upon Sendai virus infection (PubMed:25609812).

Tissue Location

Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.

Images



Western blot analysis of Phospho-IRF3 (S386) expression in MCF7 cell lysate.

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