10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

CD3 zeta Antibody

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP91026

Product Information

Application	IF, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P20963
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	CD3-zeta; T-cell receptor T3 zeta chain; T3Z; TCRZ; CD247;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	18696

Additional Information

Dilution	ICC/IF 1:100~1:200 FC 1:20
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD3 zeta
Description	Defects in CD3D are a cause of severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NK-cell-positive (T(-)/B(+)/NK(+) SCID) [MIM:608971]. A form of severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	CD247
Synonyms	CD3Z, T3Z, TCRZ
Function	Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays an essential role in adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR- mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD247/CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling pathways (PubMed:1384049, PubMed:1385158, PubMed:2470098, PubMed:7509083). CD247/CD3Z ITAMs phosphorylation creates multiple docking sites for the protein kinase ZAP70 leading to ZAP70 phosphorylation and its conversion

	into a catalytically active enzyme (PubMed:7509083). Plays an important role in intrathymic T-cell differentiation. Additionally, participates in the activity-dependent synapse formation of retinal ganglion cells (RGCs) in both the retina and dorsal lateral geniculate nucleus (dLGN) (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24161}; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Expressed in normal lymphoid tissue and in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) (PubMed:11722641)

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