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IDE Antibody

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP91040

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	P14735
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	INSULYSIN; Insulin degrading enzyme; IDE;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	117968

Additional Information

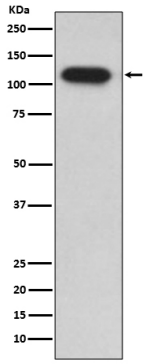
Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:100
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human IDE
Description	This gene encodes a zinc metallopeptidase that degrades intracellular insulin, and thereby terminates insulins activity, as well as participating in intercellular peptide signalling by degrading diverse peptides such as glucagon, amylin, bradykinin, and kallidin. The preferential affinity of this enzyme for insulin results in insulin-mediated inhibition of the degradation of other peptides such as beta-amyloid.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	IDE {ECO:0000303|PubMed:20364150, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:5381}
Function	Plays a role in the cellular breakdown of insulin, APP peptides, IAPP peptides, natriuretic peptides, glucagon, bradykinin, kallidin, and other peptides, and thereby plays a role in intercellular peptide signaling (PubMed:10684867, PubMed:17051221, PubMed:17613531, PubMed:18986166, PubMed:19321446, PubMed:21098034, PubMed:2293021, PubMed:23922390, PubMed:24847884, PubMed:26394692, PubMed:26968463, PubMed:29596046). Substrate binding induces important conformation changes, making it possible to bind and degrade larger substrates, such as insulin (PubMed:23922390, PubMed:26394692, PubMed:29596046). Contributes to the regulation of peptide hormone signaling cascades and regulation of blood glucose homeostasis via its role in the degradation of insulin, glucagon and IAPP (By similarity). Plays a role in the degradation and clearance of APP-derived amyloidogenic peptides that

	are secreted by neurons and microglia (Probable) (PubMed:26394692, PubMed:9830016). Degrades the natriuretic peptides ANP, BNP and CNP, inactivating their ability to raise intracellular cGMP (PubMed:21098034). Also degrades an aberrant frameshifted 40-residue form of NPPA (fsNPPA) which is associated with familial atrial fibrillation in heterozygous patients (PubMed:21098034). Involved in antigen processing. Produces both the N terminus and the C terminus of MAGEA3-derived antigenic peptide (EVDPIGHLY) that is presented to cytotoxic T lymphocytes by MHC class I.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35559}. Secreted Note=Present at the cell surface of neuron cells. The membrane-associated isoform is approximately 5 kDa larger than the known cytosolic isoform
Tissue Location	Detected in brain and in cerebrospinal fluid (at protein level).

Images



Western blot analysis of IDE expression in HepG2 cell lysate.

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