

## Glucagon Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91054

## **Product Information**

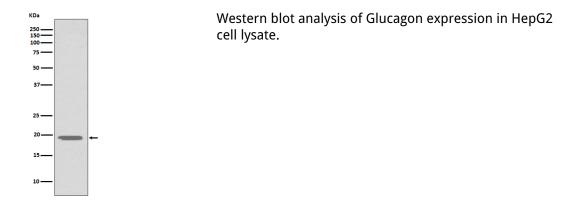
Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Other Names	WB, IHC <u>P01275</u> Rat, Human, Mouse Monoclonal GCG; Glicentin; Glicentin-related polypeptide; GLP-1;; GLP-2; GLP1; GLP2; GLUC; Glucagon; GRPP; OXM; OXY;
lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	20909

## **Additional Information**

Dilution Purification	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Glucagon
Description	GCG Glucagon plays a key role in glucose metabolism and homeostasis. Regulates blood glucose by increasing gluconeogenesis and decreasing glycolysis. A counterregulatory hormone of insulin, raises plasma glucose levels in response to insulin-induced hypoglycemia. Plays an important role in initiating and maintaining hyperglycemic conditions in diabetes.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## **Protein Information**

Name	GCG ( <u>HGNC:4191</u> )
Function	[Glucagon]: Plays a key role in glucose metabolism and homeostasis. Regulates blood glucose by increasing gluconeogenesis and decreasing glycolysis. A counterregulatory hormone of insulin, raises plasma glucose levels in response to insulin-induced hypoglycemia. Plays an important role in initiating and maintaining hyperglycemic conditions in diabetes.
Cellular Location	Secreted.
Tissue Location	[Glucagon]: Secreted in the A cells of the islets of Langerhans. [Glucagon-like peptide 2]: Secreted from enteroendocrine cells throughout the gastrointestinal tract. Also secreted in selected neurons in the brain [Oxyntomodulin]: Secreted from enteroendocrine cells throughout the gastrointestinal tract



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