

DDIT3 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP91125

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC
Primary Accession	P35638
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	C/EBP zeta; CHOP; CHOP-10; DDIT3;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	19175

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human DDIT3
Description	Inhibits the DNA-binding activity of C/EBP and LAP by forming heterodimers that cannot bind DNA.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

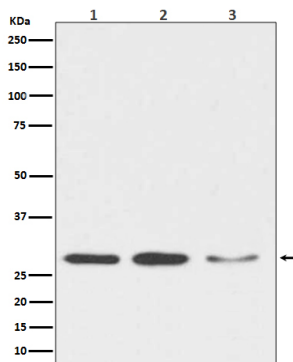
Name	DDIT3
Synonyms	CHOP, CHOP10, GADD153
Function	Multifunctional transcription factor in endoplasmic reticulum (ER) stress response (PubMed: 15322075 , PubMed: 15775988 , PubMed: 19672300). Plays an essential role in the response to a wide variety of cell stresses and induces cell cycle arrest and apoptosis in response to ER stress (PubMed: 15322075 , PubMed: 15775988). Plays a dual role both as an inhibitor of CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein (C/EBP) function and as an activator of other genes (By similarity). Acts as a dominant-negative regulator of C/EBP-induced transcription: dimerizes with members of the C/EBP family, impairs their association with C/EBP binding sites in the promoter regions, and inhibits the expression of C/EBP regulated genes (By similarity). Positively regulates the transcription of TRIB3, IL6, IL8, IL23, TNFRSF10B/DR5, PPP1R15A/GADD34, BBC3/PUMA, BCL2L11/BIM and ERO1L (PubMed: 15775988 , PubMed: 17709599 , PubMed: 20876114 , PubMed: 22761832). Negatively regulates; expression of BCL2 and MYOD1, ATF4-dependent transcriptional activation of asparagine synthetase (ASNS), CEBPA-dependent transcriptional

activation of hepcidin (HAMP) and CEBPB-mediated expression of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma (PPARG) (PubMed:[18940792](#), PubMed:[19672300](#), PubMed:[20829347](#)). Together with ATF4, mediates ER-mediated cell death by promoting expression of genes involved in cellular amino acid metabolic processes, mRNA translation and the unfolded protein response (UPR) in response to ER stress (By similarity). Inhibits the canonical Wnt signaling pathway by binding to TCF7L2/TCF4, impairing its DNA-binding properties and repressing its transcriptional activity (PubMed:[16434966](#)). Plays a regulatory role in the inflammatory response through the induction of caspase-11 (CASP4/CASP11) which induces the activation of caspase-1 (CASP1) and both these caspases increase the activation of pro-IL1B to mature IL1B which is involved in the inflammatory response (By similarity). Acts as a major regulator of postnatal neovascularization through regulation of endothelial nitric oxide synthase (NOS3)-related signaling (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Present in the cytoplasm under non-stressed conditions and ER stress leads to its nuclear accumulation

Images



Western blot analysis of DDIT3 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate; (3) C6 cell lysate.

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