

Lipocalin-2 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91161

Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IHF

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Clonality
Monoclonal

Other Names LCN2; 24p3; MSFI; NGAL; Lipocalin-2; p25; Siderocalin; SV40 induced 24P3

protein; Uterocalin;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW22588

Additional Information

Dilution WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human Lipocalin-2

Description Lipocalin-2 is involved in innate immunity, iron homeostasis, and apoptosis.

Lipocalin-2 limits bacterial growth by binding to bacterial siderophores and sequestering iron. Binds iron through association with 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,5-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with

bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending

on the context.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name LCN2

Synonyms HNL, NGAL {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:8060329}

Function Iron-trafficking protein involved in multiple processes such as apoptosis,

innate immunity and renal development (PubMed: 12453413,

PubMed:20581821, PubMed:27780864). Binds iron through association with 2,3-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,3-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context. Iron-bound form (holo-24p3) is internalized following binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, leading to release of iron and subsequent increase of intracellular iron concentration. In contrast, association of the iron- free form (apo-24p3) with the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor is followed by association with an intracellular siderophore, iron

chelation and iron transfer to the extracellular medium, thereby reducing intracellular iron concentration. Involved in apoptosis due to interleukin-3 (IL3) deprivation: iron-loaded form increases intracellular iron concentration without promoting apoptosis, while iron-free form decreases intracellular iron levels, inducing expression of the proapoptotic protein BCL2L11/BIM, resulting in apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in innate immunity; limits bacterial proliferation by sequestering iron bound to microbial siderophores, such as enterobactin (PubMed:27780864). Can also bind siderophores from M.tuberculosis (PubMed:15642259, PubMed:21978368).

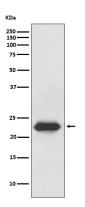
Cellular Location

Secreted. Cytoplasmic granule lumen. Cytoplasmic vesicle lumen. Note=Upon binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, it is internalized (By similarity). Releases the bound iron in the acidic lumen of cytoplasmic vesicles (PubMed:12453413, PubMed:20581821). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P11672, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:12453413, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:20581821}

Tissue Location

Detected in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:7683678, PubMed:8298140). Expressed in bone marrow and in tissues that are prone to exposure to microorganism (PubMed:9339356) High expression is found in bone marrow as well as in uterus, prostate, salivary gland, stomach, appendix, colon, trachea and lung (PubMed:9339356). Expressed in the medullary tubules of the kidney (PubMed:30418175). Not found in the small intestine or peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9339356).

Images



Western blot analysis of Lipocalin-2 expression in SW480 cell lysate.

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