

CD26 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP91245

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P27487
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	Dipeptidyl peptidase 4; ADABP; Adenosine deaminase complexing protein 2; ADCP-2; Dipeptidyl peptidase IV; DPP IV; T-cell activation antigen CD26; TP103; CD26; DPP4; ADCP2; DPP 4; DPP IV;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	88279

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD26
Description	Interacts with multiple important cell surface ligands, such as adenosine deaminase, fibronectin, and IGF2 receptor to influence processes like T cell activation, cell migration and proliferation. Several DPP4 inhibitors have been developed and their effects have been tested in the field of diabetes, cardiovascular disease and tumor immunity.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	DPP4 (HGNC:3009)
Synonyms	ADCP2, CD26
Function	Cell surface glycoprotein receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-cell receptor (TCR)-mediated T- cell activation (PubMed: 10900005 , PubMed: 10951221 , PubMed: 11772392 , PubMed: 17287217). Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell coactivation, by binding at least ADA, CAV1, IGF2R, and PTPRC (PubMed: 10900005 , PubMed: 10951221 , PubMed: 11772392 , PubMed: 14691230). Its binding to CAV1 and CARD11 induces T-cell proliferation and NF-kappa-B activation in a T-cell receptor/CD3-dependent manner (PubMed: 17287217). Its interaction with ADA also regulates lymphocyte-epithelial cell adhesion (PubMed: 11772392). In association with FAP is involved in the pericellular

proteolysis of the extracellular matrix (ECM), the migration and invasion of endothelial cells into the ECM (PubMed:[10593948](#), PubMed:[16651416](#)). May be involved in the promotion of lymphatic endothelial cells adhesion, migration and tube formation (PubMed:[18708048](#)). When overexpressed, enhanced cell proliferation, a process inhibited by GPC3 (PubMed:[17549790](#)). Also acts as a serine exopeptidase with a dipeptidyl peptidase activity that regulates various physiological processes by cleaving peptides in the circulation, including many chemokines, mitogenic growth factors, neuropeptides and peptide hormones such as brain natriuretic peptide 32 (PubMed:[10570924](#), PubMed:[16254193](#)). Removes N-terminal dipeptides sequentially from polypeptides having unsubstituted N-termini provided that the penultimate residue is proline (PubMed:[10593948](#)).

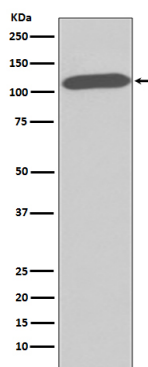
Cellular Location

[Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 soluble form]: Secreted Note=Detected in the serum and the seminal fluid

Tissue Location

Expressed specifically in lymphatic vessels but not in blood vessels in the skin, small intestine, esophagus, ovary, breast and prostate glands. Not detected in lymphatic vessels in the lung, kidney, uterus, liver and stomach (at protein level). Expressed in the poorly differentiated crypt cells of the small intestine as well as in the mature villous cells. Expressed at very low levels in the colon

Images



Western blot analysis of CD26 expression in HUVEC cell lysate.

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