

# **BIRC2** Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91343

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IHF

Primary Accession

Reactivity

Clonality

Q13490

Human

Monoclonal

Other Names C-IAP1; IAP homolog B; Inhibitor of apoptosis protein 2; IAP-2; hIAP-2; hIAP2;

API1; IAP2; MIHB; RNF48;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW69900

#### **Additional Information**

**Dilution** WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200

**Purification** Affinity-chromatography

**Immunogen** A synthesized peptide derived from human BIRC2

**Description** Apoptotic suppressor. The BIR motifs region interacts with TNF receptor

associated factors 1 and 2 (TRAF1 and TRAF2) to form an heteromeric complex, which is then recruited to the tumor necrosis factor receptor 2

(TNFR2).

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

#### **Protein Information**

Name BIRC2

**Synonyms** API1, MIHB, RNF48

**Function** Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis,

but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling, and cell proliferation, as well as cell invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non- canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite

directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and

suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity include: RIPK1,

RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, TRAF2, DIABLO/SMAC,

MAP3K14/NIK, MAP3K5/ASK1, IKBKG/NEMO, IKBKE and MXD1/MAD1. Can also function as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase of the NEDD8 conjugation pathway, targeting effector caspases for neddylation and inactivation. Acts as

an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase- independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8. Can stimulate the transcriptional activity of E2F1. Plays a role in the modulation of the cell cycle.

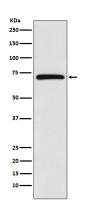
#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Agents that induce either the extrinsic or intrinsic apoptotic pathways promote its redistribution from the nuclear compartment to the cytoplasmic compartment. Associated with the midbody in telophase cells, and found diffusely in the nucleus of interphase cells

#### **Tissue Location**

Present in many fetal and adult tissues. Mainly expressed in adult skeletal muscle, thymus, testis, ovary, and pancreas, low or absent in brain and peripheral blood leukocytes

## **Images**



Western blot analysis of BIRC2 expression in HepG2 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.