

HMGB2 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP91400

Product Information

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Application | WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, IHF |
| Primary Accession | P26583 |
| Reactivity | Rat, Human, Mouse |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Other Names | HMG 2; HMG B2; HMG-2; HMG2; HMGB2; |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Calculated MW | 24034 |

Additional Information

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|-------------------------------------|--|
| Dilution | WB 1:1000~1:5000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 IP 1:50 |
| Purification | Affinity-chromatography |
| Immunogen | A synthesized peptide derived from human HMGB2 |
| Description | DNA binding proteins that associates with chromatin and has the ability to bend DNA. Binds preferentially single-stranded DNA. Involved in V(D)J recombination by acting as a cofactor of the RAG complex. Acts by stimulating cleavage and RAG protein binding at the 23 bp spacer of conserved recombination signal sequences (RSS). |
| Storage Condition and Buffer | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. |

Protein Information

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Name | HMGB2 |
| Synonyms | HMG2 |
| Function | Multifunctional protein with various roles in different cellular compartments. May act in a redox sensitive manner. In the nucleus is an abundant chromatin-associated non-histone protein involved in transcription, chromatin remodeling and V(D)J recombination and probably other processes. Binds DNA with a preference to non- canonical DNA structures such as single-stranded DNA. Can bent DNA and enhance DNA flexibility by looping thus providing a mechanism to promote activities on various gene promoters by enhancing transcription factor binding and/or bringing distant regulatory sequences into close proximity (PubMed: 11909973 , PubMed: 18413230 , PubMed: 19522541 , PubMed: 19965638 , PubMed: 20123072 , PubMed: 7797075). Involved in V(D)J recombination by acting as a cofactor of the RAG complex: acts by stimulating cleavage and RAG |

protein binding at the 23 bp spacer of conserved recombination signal sequences (RSS) (By similarity). Proposed to be involved in the innate immune response to nucleic acids by acting as a promiscuous immunogenic DNA/RNA sensor which cooperates with subsequent discriminative sensing by specific pattern recognition receptors (By similarity). In the extracellular compartment acts as a chemokine. Promotes proliferation and migration of endothelial cells implicating AGER/RAGE (PubMed:[19811285](#)). Has antimicrobial activity in gastrointestinal epithelial tissues (PubMed:[23877675](#)). Involved in inflammatory response to antigenic stimulus coupled with pro- inflammatory activity (By similarity). Involved in modulation of neurogenesis probably by regulation of neural stem proliferation (By similarity). Involved in articular cartilage surface maintenance implicating LEF1 and the Wnt/beta-catenin pathway (By similarity).

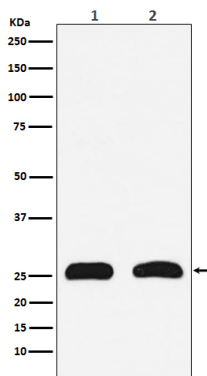
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Cytoplasm. Secreted. Note=In basal state predominantly nuclear.

Tissue Location

Expressed in gastric and intestinal tissues (at protein level).

Images



Western blot analysis of HMGB2 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) PC-12 cell lysate.

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