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Dynamin 1 Antibody

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP91488

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IHF
Primary Accession	Q05193
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	B dynamin; D100; DNM 1; DNM1; Dynamin; Dynamin1;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	97408

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Dynamin 1
Description	Microtubule-associated force-producing protein involved in producing microtubule bundles and able to bind and hydrolyze GTP. Most probably involved in vesicular trafficking processes. Involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

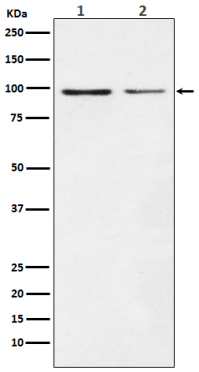
Name	DNM1 (HGNC:2972)
Synonyms	DNM
Function	Catalyzes the hydrolysis of GTP and utilizes this energy to mediate vesicle scission and participates in many forms of endocytosis, such as clathrin-mediated endocytosis or synaptic vesicle endocytosis as well as rapid endocytosis (RE) (PubMed:15703209, PubMed:20428113, PubMed:29668686, PubMed:8101525, PubMed:8910402, PubMed:9362482). Associates to the membrane, through lipid binding, and self-assembles into rings and stacks of interconnected rings through oligomerization to form a helical polymer around the vesicle membrane leading to constriction of invaginated coated pits around their necks (PubMed:30069048, PubMed:7877694, PubMed:9922133). Self-assembly of the helical polymer induces membrane tubules narrowing until the polymer reaches a length sufficient to trigger GTP hydrolysis (PubMed:19084269). Depending on the curvature imposed on the tubules, membrane detachment from the helical polymer upon GTP

hydrolysis can cause spontaneous hemifission followed by complete fission (PubMed:19084269). May play a role in regulating early stages of clathrin-mediated endocytosis in non-neuronal cells through its activation by dephosphorylation via the signaling downstream of EGFR (PubMed:29668686). Controls vesicle size at a step before fission, during formation of membrane pits, at hippocampal synapses (By similarity). Controls plastic adaptation of the synaptic vesicle recycling machinery to high levels of activity (By similarity). Mediates rapid endocytosis (RE), a Ca(2+)-dependent and clathrin- and K(+)-independent process in chromaffin cells (By similarity). Microtubule-associated force-producing protein involved in producing microtubule bundles and able to bind and hydrolyze GTP (By similarity). Through its interaction with DNAJC6, acts during the early steps of clathrin-coated vesicle (CCV) formation (PubMed:12791276).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane. Membrane, clathrin-coated pit. Cytoplasmic vesicle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21575, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39053} Presynapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21575}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, chromaffin granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q08DF4} Note=Associated to the membrane in a helical polymer shape in a GTP bound state (PubMed:30069048). Transiently recruited to endocytic clathrin-coated pits (CCPs) at a late stage of clathrin-coated vesicle (CCV) formation (PubMed:15703209).

Images



Western blot analysis of Dynamin 1 expression in (1) SH-SY5Y cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate.

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