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CD82 Antibody

Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP91505

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC
Primary Accession	P27701
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	C33; CD82; IA4; Inducible membrane protein; KAI1; Kangai1; SAR2; ST6; Tetraspanin 27; Tspan27;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	29626

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD82
Description	Associates with CD4 or CD8 and delivers costimulatory signals for the TCR/CD3 pathway.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	CD82
Synonyms	KAI1, SAR2, ST6, TSPAN27
Function	Structural component of specialized membrane microdomains known as tetraspanin-enriched microdomains (TERMs), which act as platforms for receptor clustering and signaling (PubMed:19497983). Participates thereby in diverse biological functions such as cell signal transduction, adhesion, migration and protein trafficking. Acts as a attenuator of EGF signaling, facilitating ligand-induced endocytosis of the receptor and its subsequent desensitization (PubMed:10985391, PubMed:35538033). Mechanistically, modulates ligand- induced ubiquitination and trafficking of EGFR via E3 ligase CBL phosphorylation by PKC (PubMed:23897813). Increases cell-matrix adhesion by regulating the membrane organization of integrin alpha4/ITA4 (PubMed:24623721, PubMed:8757325). Modulates adhesion and suppresses cell migration through other integrins such as the alpha6/ITGA6 and beta1/ITGB1 (PubMed:15557282, PubMed:17560548). Decreases cell-associated plasminogen activation by interfering with the interaction

between urokinase-type plasminogen activator/PLAU and its receptor PLAUR (PubMed:15677461). Associates with CD4 or CD8 and delivers costimulatory signals for the TCR/CD3 pathway. Plays a role in TLR9 trafficking to acidified CpG-containing compartments by controlling interaction between TLR9 and VAMP3 and subsequent myddosome assembly (By similarity). Inhibits LPS-induced inflammatory response by preventing binding of LPS to TLR4 on the cell surface (PubMed:36945827). Plays a role in the activation of macrophages into anti-inflammatory phenotypes (By similarity). Independently of Toll- like receptor (TLR) signaling, is recruited to pathogen-containing phagosomes prior to fusion with lysosomes and thereby participates in antigen presentation (By similarity). Also acts to control angiogenesis and switch angiogenic milieu to quiescent state by binding and sequestering VEGFA and PDGFB to inhibit the signaling they trigger via their respective cell surface receptor (PubMed:34530889).

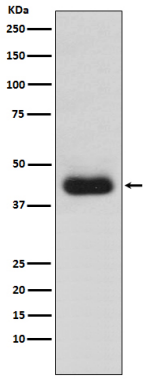
Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19497983, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23897813, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30463011, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34530889, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8757325, ECO:0000269|Ref.4}; Multi-pass membrane protein Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P40237}

Tissue Location

Lymphoid specific.

Images



Western blot analysis of CD82 expression in Jurkat cell lysate.

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