

MDA5 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91557

Product Information

| Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Other Names | WB, IF, ICC <u>Q9BYX4</u> Human Monoclonal Helicard; Hlcd; IDDM19; IFIH1; MDA-5; RH116; RIG I like receptor 2; RLR 2; RNA helicase DEAD box protein 116; |
|--|---|
| lsotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Calculated MW | 116689 |

Additional Information

| Dilution Purification Immunogen Description | WB 1:500~1:2000 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human MDA5 Function to promote message degradation by specific RNases. Seems to have growth suppressive properties. Involved in innate immune defense against viruses. |
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| Storage Condition and Buffer | |

Protein Information

| Name |
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Function

IFIH1 (HGNC:18873)

Innate immune receptor which acts as a cytoplasmic sensor of viral nucleic acids and plays a major role in sensing viral infection and in the activation of a cascade of antiviral responses including the induction of type I interferons and pro-inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:<u>28594402</u>, PubMed:<u>32169843</u>, PubMed:<u>33727702</u>). Its ligands include mRNA lacking 2'-O-methylation at their 5' cap and long-dsRNA (>1 kb in length) (PubMed:<u>22160685</u>). Upon ligand binding it associates with mitochondria antiviral signaling protein (MAVS/IPS1) which activates the IKK-related kinases: TBK1 and IKBKE which phosphorylate interferon regulatory factors: IRF3 and IRF7 which in turn activate transcription of antiviral immunological genes, including interferons (IFNs); IFN-alpha and IFN-beta. Responsible for detecting the Picornaviridae family members such as encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV), mengo encephalomyocarditis virus (ENMG), and rhinovirus (PubMed:<u>28606988</u>). Detects coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 (PubMed:<u>33440148</u>, PubMed:<u>33514628</u>). Can also detect other viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), west Nile virus (WNV),

| Images | |
|-------------------|---|
| Tissue Location | Widely expressed, at a low level. Expression is detected at slightly highest levels in placenta, pancreas and spleen and at barely levels in detectable brain, testis and lung |
| Cellular Location | Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Note=Upon viral RNA stimulation and ISGylation, translocates from cytosol to mitochondrion. May be found in the nucleus, during apoptosis |
| | and reovirus. Also involved in antiviral signaling in response to viruses containing a dsDNA genome, such as vaccinia virus. Plays an important role in amplifying innate immune signaling through recognition of RNA metabolites that are produced during virus infection by ribonuclease L (RNase L). May play an important role in enhancing natural killer cell function and may be involved in growth inhibition and apoptosis in several tumor cell lines. |

Image not found : 202311/AP91557-wb.jpg

Western blot analysis of MDA5 expression in THP1 cell lysate.

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