

HuR / ELAVL1 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP91610

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC, IP, IHF
Primary Accession	Q15717
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	HUR; Hua; MelG; ELAV1;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	36092

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:1000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 IP 1:40 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human HuR / ELAVL1
Description	Involved in 3'-UTR ARE-mediated MYC stabilization. Binds avidly to the AU-rich element in FOS and IL3/interleukin-3 mRNAs. In the case of the FOS AU-rich element, HUR binds to a core element of 27 nucleotides that contain AUUUA, AUUUUA and AUUUUUA motifs.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	ELAVL1
Synonyms	HUR
Function	RNA-binding protein that binds to the 3'-UTR region of mRNAs and increases their stability (PubMed: 14517288 , PubMed: 18285462 , PubMed: 31358969). Involved in embryonic stem cell (ESC) differentiation: preferentially binds mRNAs that are not methylated by N6-methyladenosine (m6A), stabilizing them, promoting ESC differentiation (By similarity). Has also been shown to be capable of binding to m6A-containing mRNAs and contributes to MYC stability by binding to m6A-containing MYC mRNAs (PubMed: 32245947). Binds to poly-U elements and AU-rich elements (AREs) in the 3'-UTR of target mRNAs (PubMed: 14731398 , PubMed: 17632515 , PubMed: 18285462 , PubMed: 23519412 , PubMed: 8626503). Binds avidly to the AU-rich element in FOS and IL3/interleukin-3 mRNAs. In the case of the FOS AU-rich element, binds to a core element of 27 nucleotides that contain AUUUA, AUUUUA, and AUUUUUA motifs. Binds preferentially to the 5'-UUUU[AG]UUU-3' motif in

vitro (PubMed:[8626503](#)). With ZNF385A, binds the 3'-UTR of p53/TP53 mRNA to control their nuclear export induced by CDKN2A. Hence, may regulate p53/TP53 expression and mediate in part the CDKN2A anti-proliferative activity. May also bind with ZNF385A the CCNB1 mRNA (By similarity). Increases the stability of the leptin mRNA harboring an AU-rich element (ARE) in its 3' UTR (PubMed:[29180010](#)).

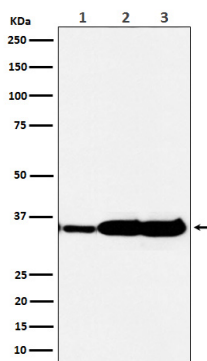
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, Stress granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70372}. Cytoplasm, P-body. Note=Translocates into the cytoplasm following phosphorylation by MAPKAPK2 (PubMed:14517288). Likewise, phosphorylation by PRKCD promotes translocation from the nucleus into the cytoplasm, where it is associated with free and cytoskeleton-bound polysomes (PubMed:18285462). Localizes to the stress granules in the presence of PLEKHN1 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70372, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14517288, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18285462}

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous. Detected in brain, liver, thymus and muscle.

Images



Western blot analysis of HuR / ELAVL1 expression in (1) Jurkat cell lysate; (2) Mouse heart lysate; (3) Rat spleen lysate.

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