

# MC4 Receptor Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP91945

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P32245</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Human, Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	MC4R; Melanocortin 4 receptor;
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Calculated MW</b>	36943

## Additional Information

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<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500~1:2000
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity-chromatography
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human MC4 Receptor
<b>Description</b>	Receptor specific to the heptapeptide core common to adrenocorticotrophic hormone and alpha-, beta-, and gamma-MSH. This receptor is mediated by G proteins that stimulate adenylate cyclase.
<b>Storage Condition and Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	MC4R ( <a href="#">HGNC:6932</a> )
<b>Function</b>	G protein-coupled receptor that binds melanocyte-stimulating hormones (alpha- and beta-MSH) and corticotropin/ACTH, which are peptide products of the POMC precursor (PubMed: <a href="#">12646665</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14764818</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25163632</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">32327598</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">33858992</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">8392067</a> ). Functions as a central component of the leptin-melanocortin pathway, which is essential for maintaining energy homeostasis (PubMed: <a href="#">32327598</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">33858992</a> ). Upon activation, couples to G(s) protein, stimulating adenylate cyclase and the cAMP- dependent signaling pathway, which promotes anorexogenic signaling in the hypothalamus and contributes to a negative energy balance (PubMed: <a href="#">12588803</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14764818</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25163632</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">33858992</a> ). Regulates food intake: activation by agonists suppresses appetite, whereas the antagonist Agouti-related protein/AGRP precludes agonist- induced signaling, thereby stimulating appetite (PubMed: <a href="#">9311920</a> ). Modulates the firing activity of neurons in paraventricular nucleus (PVN) of the hypothalamus via alpha-MSH and AGRP regulation of inwardly rectifying potassium channel KCNJ13 closure,

independently of G(s) signaling (PubMed:[32327598](#)). In the PVN, also interacts with opsin 3/OPN3, which couples to G(i/o) proteins to inhibit MC4R-mediated cAMP signaling, thereby promoting food intake (PubMed:[39951488](#)). In intestinal epithelial cells, contributes to inhibition of hepatic glucose production via nesfatin-1/NUCB2, leading to increased cAMP levels and glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) secretion (PubMed:[39562740](#)). Interaction with MGRN1 displaces the G(s) protein, further decreasing MC4R signaling activity (PubMed:[19737927](#)). Also activated by gamma-MSH, though with low potency (PubMed:[8392067](#)).

**Cellular Location**

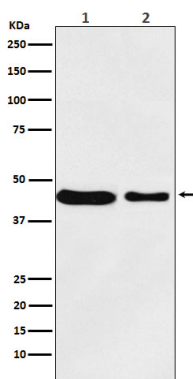
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

**Tissue Location**

Brain, placental, and gut tissues.

**Images**

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Western blot analysis of MC4 Receptor expression in (1) MCF7 cell lysate; (2) RAW264.7 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.