

UPK1A Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9225b

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** 000322 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB23236 **Calculated MW** 28879 **Antigen Region** 191-217

Additional Information

Gene ID 11045

Other Names Uroplakin-1a, UP1a, Tetraspanin-21, Tspan-21, Uroplakin Ia, UPIa, UPKa,

UPK1A, TSPAN21

Target/Specificity This UPK1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 191-217 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human UPK1A.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions UPK1A Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name UPK1A

Synonyms TSPAN21

Function Component of the asymmetric unit membrane (AUM); a highly specialized

biomembrane elaborated by terminally differentiated urothelial cells. May

play an important role in normal bladder epithelial physiology, possibly in regulating membrane permeability of superficial umbrella cells or in stabilizing the apical membrane through AUM/cytoskeletal interactions (By similarity).

Cellular Location Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location High expression restricted to ureteric urothelium (most superficial cells); low

expression in prostate. Expression in normal urothelial cells is lost in culture. Some expression in tumor cell lines derived from urothelial malignancies

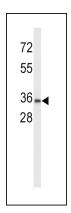
Background

The protein is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This encoded protein is found in the asymmetrical unit membrane (AUM) where it can complex with other transmembrane 4 superfamily proteins. It may play a role in normal bladder epithelial physiology, possibly in regulating membrane permeability of superficial umbrella cells or in stabilizing the apical membrane through AUM/cytoskeletal interactions.

References

Wang, H., et.al., J. Mol. Biol. 392 (2), 352-361 (2009) Hall, G.D., et.al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1729 (2), 126-134 (2005)

Images



Western blot analysis of UPK1A Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP9225b) in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). UPK1A (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.