

Y14 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92289

Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Other Names	WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC, IP, IHF <u>Q9Y5S9</u> Rat, Human, Mouse Monoclonal BOV1; BOV1A; BOV1B; BOV1C; HSPC114; MDS014; RBM 8; RBM 8A; RBM 8B; RBM8; rbm8a; RBM8B; ZNRP; ZRNP1;
lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	19889

Additional Information

Dilution Purification Immunogen Description	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 IP 1:50 FC 1:50 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human Y14 Component of a splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction complex (EJC) deposited at splice junction on mRNAs. The EJC is a dynamic structure
Storage Condition and Buffer	consisting of a few core proteins and several more peripheral nuclear and cytoplasmic associated factors that join the complex only transiently either during EJC assembly or during subsequent mRNA metabolism.

Protein Information

Name	RBM8A
Synonyms	RBM8
Function	Required for pre-mRNA splicing as component of the spliceosome (PubMed: <u>28502770</u> , PubMed: <u>29301961</u>). Core component of the splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction complex (EJC) deposited at splice junctions on mRNAs. The EJC is a dynamic structure consisting of core proteins and several peripheral nuclear and cytoplasmic associated factors that join the complex only transiently either during EJC assembly or during subsequent mRNA metabolism. The EJC marks the position of the exon-exon junction in the mature mRNA for the gene expression machinery and the core components remain bound to spliced mRNAs throughout all stages of mRNA metabolism thereby influencing downstream processes including nuclear mRNA export, subcellular mRNA localization, translation efficiency and

	nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (NMD). The MAGOH-RBM8A heterodimer inhibits the ATPase activity of EIF4A3, thereby trapping the ATP-bound EJC core onto spliced mRNA in a stable conformation. The MAGOH-RBM8A heterodimer interacts with the EJC key regulator PYM1 leading to EJC disassembly in the cytoplasm and translation enhancement of EJC-bearing spliced mRNAs by recruiting them to the ribosomal 48S preinitiation complex. Its removal from cytoplasmic mRNAs requires translation initiation from EJC-bearing spliced mRNAs. Associates preferentially with mRNAs produced by splicing. Does not interact with pre-mRNAs, introns, or mRNAs produced from intronless cDNAs. Associates with both nuclear mRNAs and newly exported cytoplasmic mRNAs. The MAGOH-RBM8A heterodimer is a component of the nonsense mediated decay (NMD) pathway. Involved in the splicing modulation of BCL2L1/Bcl-X (and probably other apoptotic genes); specifically inhibits formation of proapoptotic isoforms such as Bcl- X(S); the function is different from the established EJC assembly.
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm Note=Nucleocytoplasmic shuttling protein (PubMed:11030346). Travels to the cytoplasm as part of the exon junction complex (EJC) bound to mRNA Colocalizes with the core EJC, ALYREF/THOC4, NXF1 and UAP56 in the nucleus and nuclear speckles (PubMed:19324961)
Tissue Location	Ubiquitous.
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Images



Western blot analysis of Y14 expression in HepG2 cell lysate.

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