

RanBP9 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP92568

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	Q96S59
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	BPM90; BPML; IBAP 1; Imp 9; Importin 9; Ran BP9; Ran-binding protein 9; RanBP7; RanBP9; RanBPM;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	77847

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human RanBP9
Description	May act as an adapter protein to couple membrane receptors to intracellular signaling pathways. May be involved in signaling of ITGB2/LFA-1 and other integrins. Enhances HGF-MET signaling by recruiting Sos and activating the Ras pathway. Involved in activation of androgen and glucocorticoid receptor in the presence of their cognate hormones.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	RANBP9
Synonyms	RANBPM
Function	May act as scaffolding protein, and as adapter protein to couple membrane receptors to intracellular signaling pathways (Probable). Acts as a mediator of cell spreading and actin cytoskeleton rearrangement (PubMed: 18710924). Core component of the CTLH E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex that selectively accepts ubiquitin from UBE2H and mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of the transcription factor HBP1 (PubMed: 29911972). May be involved in signaling of ITGB2/LFA-1 and other integrins (PubMed: 14722085). Enhances HGF-MET signaling by recruiting Sos and activating the Ras pathway (PubMed: 12147692). Enhances dihydrotestosterone-induced transactivation activity of AR, as well as dexamethasone-induced transactivation activity of NR3C1, but not affect

estrogen-induced transactivation (PubMed:[12361945](#), PubMed:[18222118](#)). Stabilizes TP73 isoform Alpha, probably by inhibiting its ubiquitination, and increases its proapoptotic activity (PubMed:[15558019](#)). Inhibits the kinase activity of DYRK1A and DYRK1B. Inhibits FMR1 binding to RNA.

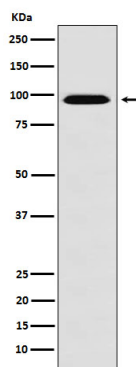
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.
Note=The unphosphorylated form is predominantly cytoplasmic. A phosphorylated form is associated with the plasma membrane.

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed, with highest levels in testes, placenta, heart, and muscle, and lowest levels in lung. Within the brain, expressed predominantly by neurons in the gray matter of cortex, the granular layer of cerebellum and the Purkinje cells

Images



Western blot analysis of RanBP9 expression in HeLa cell lysate.

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