

Glycerol kinase Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92569

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IP
Primary Accession	<u>P32189</u>
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	GK1; GKD; Glycerokinase;
lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	61245

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IP 1:50 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Glycerol kinase
Description	Key enzyme in the regulation of glycerol uptake and metabolism.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium
	azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.
	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	GK (<u>HGNC:4289</u>)
Function	Kinase that plays a key role in glycerol metabolism, catalyzing its phosphorylation to produce sn-glycerol 3-phosphate. Sn- glycerol 3-phosphate is a crucial intermediate in various metabolic pathways, such as the synthesis of glycerolipids and triglycerides, glycogenesis, glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=Glycerol kinase activity is more cytosolic in some tissues. It probably represents the expression of isoforms lacking a transmembrane domain [Isoform 4]: Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=In adult tissues, such as liver the glycerol kinase activity is more cytosolic. It probably represents the expression of this isoform which lacks a transmembrane domain
Tissue Location	[Isoform 2]: Widely expressed in fetal and adult tissues. [Isoform 4]: The sole isoform expressed in adult liver and kidney.



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