

# RSK2 / RPS6KA3 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP92828

## Product Information

<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, FC
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P51812</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Human, Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	CLS; HU2; HU3; Insulin stimulated protein kinase 1; ISPK1; MAP kinase activated protein kinase 1b; MAPKAP kinase 1b; MAPKAPK 1b; MAPKAPK1B; MRX19; p90 RSK2; p90 RSK3; p90RSK3; pp90RSK2; Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha 3; Ribosomal protein s6 kinase ii alpha 2; Ribosomal S6 kinase 2; Rps6ka3; RSK; RSK2; S6 kinase 2; S6K alpha3;
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Calculated MW</b>	83736

## Additional Information

<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity-chromatography
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human RSK2 / RPS6KA3
<b>Description</b>	Serine/threonine kinase that may play a role in mediating the growth-factor and stress induced activation of the transcription factor CREB.
<b>Storage Condition and Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## Protein Information

<b>Name</b>	RPS6KA3
<b>Synonyms</b>	ISPK1, MAPKAPK1B, RSK2
<b>Function</b>	Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of ERK (MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1) signaling and mediates mitogenic and stress-induced activation of the transcription factors CREB1, ETV1/ER81 and NR4A1/NUR77, regulates translation through RPS6 and EIF4B phosphorylation, and mediates cellular proliferation, survival, and differentiation by modulating mTOR signaling and repressing pro- apoptotic function of BAD and DAPK1 (PubMed: <a href="#">16213824</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16223362</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17360704</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9770464</a> ). In fibroblast, is required for EGF- stimulated phosphorylation of CREB1 and histone H3 at 'Ser-10', which results in the subsequent transcriptional activation of several immediate-early genes (PubMed: <a href="#">10436156</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9770464</a> ). In response to mitogenic stimulation

(EGF and PMA), phosphorylates and activates NR4A1/NUR77 and ETV1/ER81 transcription factors and the cofactor CREBBP (PubMed:[16223362](#)). Upon insulin-derived signal, acts indirectly on the transcription regulation of several genes by phosphorylating GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and inhibiting its activity (PubMed:[8250835](#)). Phosphorylates RPS6 in response to serum or EGF via an mTOR-independent mechanism and promotes translation initiation by facilitating assembly of the preinitiation complex (PubMed:[17360704](#)). In response to insulin, phosphorylates EIF4B, enhancing EIF4B affinity for the EIF3 complex and stimulating cap-dependent translation (PubMed:[18508509](#), PubMed:[18813292](#)). Is involved in the mTOR nutrient-sensing pathway by directly phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-1798', which potently inhibits TSC2 ability to suppress mTOR signaling, and mediates phosphorylation of RPTOR, which regulates mTORC1 activity and may promote rapamycin- sensitive signaling independently of the PI3K/AKT pathway (PubMed:[18722121](#)). Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro- apoptotic proteins BAD and DAPK1 and suppressing their pro-apoptotic function (PubMed:[16213824](#)). Promotes the survival of hepatic stellate cells by phosphorylating CEBPB in response to the hepatotoxin carbon tetrachloride (CCl4) (PubMed:[18508509](#), PubMed:[18813292](#)). Is involved in cell cycle regulation by phosphorylating the CDK inhibitor CDKN1B, which promotes CDKN1B association with 14-3-3 proteins and prevents its translocation to the nucleus and inhibition of G1 progression (By similarity). In LPS-stimulated dendritic cells, is involved in TLR4- induced macropinocytosis, and in myeloma cells, acts as effector of FGFR3-mediated transformation signaling, after direct phosphorylation at Tyr-529 by FGFR3 (By similarity). Negatively regulates EGF-induced MAPK1/3 phosphorylation via phosphorylation of SOS1 (By similarity). Phosphorylates SOS1 at 'Ser-1134' and 'Ser-1161' that create YWHAB and YWHAE binding sites and which contribute to the negative regulation of MAPK1/3 phosphorylation (By similarity). Phosphorylates EPHA2 at 'Ser- 897', the RPS6KA-EPHA2 signaling pathway controls cell migration (PubMed:[26158630](#)). Acts as a regulator of osteoblast differentiation by mediating phosphorylation of ATF4, thereby promoting ATF4 transactivation activity (By similarity).

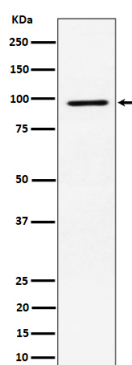
#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm

#### Tissue Location

Expressed in many tissues, highest levels in skeletal muscle

## Images



Western blot analysis of RSK2 / RPS6KA3 expression in MCF7 cell lysate.

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