

RSK2 / RPS6KA3 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP92828

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC
Primary Accession	P51812
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	CLS; HU2; HU3; Insulin stimulated protein kinase 1; ISPK1; MAP kinase activated protein kinase 1b; MAPKAP kinase 1b; MAPKAPK 1b; MAPKAPK1B; MRX19; p90 RSK2; p90 RSK3; p90RSK3; pp90RSK2; Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha 3; Ribosomal protein s6 kinase ii alpha 2; Ribosomal S6 kinase 2; Rps6ka3; RSK; RSK2; S6 kinase 2; S6K alpha3;
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	83736

Additional Information

Dilution	WB 1:500~1:2000 IHC 1:50~1:200 FC 1:50
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human RSK2 / RPS6KA3
Description	Serine/threonine kinase that may play a role in mediating the growth-factor and stress induced activation of the transcription factor CREB.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name	RPS6KA3
Synonyms	ISPK1, MAPKAPK1B, RSK2
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of ERK (MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1) signaling and mediates mitogenic and stress-induced activation of the transcription factors CREB1, ETV1/ER81 and NR4A1/NUR77, regulates translation through RPS6 and EIF4B phosphorylation, and mediates cellular proliferation, survival, and differentiation by modulating mTOR signaling and repressing pro- apoptotic function of BAD and DAPK1 (PubMed: 16213824 , PubMed: 16223362 , PubMed: 17360704 , PubMed: 9770464). In fibroblast, is required for EGF- stimulated phosphorylation of CREB1 and histone H3 at 'Ser-10', which results in the subsequent transcriptional activation of several immediate-early genes (PubMed: 10436156 , PubMed: 9770464). In response to mitogenic stimulation

(EGF and PMA), phosphorylates and activates NR4A1/NUR77 and ETV1/ER81 transcription factors and the cofactor CREBBP (PubMed:[16223362](#)). Upon insulin-derived signal, acts indirectly on the transcription regulation of several genes by phosphorylating GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and inhibiting its activity (PubMed:[8250835](#)). Phosphorylates RPS6 in response to serum or EGF via an mTOR-independent mechanism and promotes translation initiation by facilitating assembly of the preinitiation complex (PubMed:[17360704](#)). In response to insulin, phosphorylates EIF4B, enhancing EIF4B affinity for the EIF3 complex and stimulating cap-dependent translation (PubMed:[18508509](#), PubMed:[18813292](#)). Is involved in the mTOR nutrient-sensing pathway by directly phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-1798', which potently inhibits TSC2 ability to suppress mTOR signaling, and mediates phosphorylation of RPTOR, which regulates mTORC1 activity and may promote rapamycin- sensitive signaling independently of the PI3K/AKT pathway (PubMed:[18722121](#)). Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro- apoptotic proteins BAD and DAPK1 and suppressing their pro-apoptotic function (PubMed:[16213824](#)). Promotes the survival of hepatic stellate cells by phosphorylating CEBPB in response to the hepatotoxin carbon tetrachloride (CCl4) (PubMed:[18508509](#), PubMed:[18813292](#)). Is involved in cell cycle regulation by phosphorylating the CDK inhibitor CDKN1B, which promotes CDKN1B association with 14-3-3 proteins and prevents its translocation to the nucleus and inhibition of G1 progression (By similarity). In LPS-stimulated dendritic cells, is involved in TLR4- induced macropinocytosis, and in myeloma cells, acts as effector of FGFR3-mediated transformation signaling, after direct phosphorylation at Tyr-529 by FGFR3 (By similarity). Negatively regulates EGF-induced MAPK1/3 phosphorylation via phosphorylation of SOS1 (By similarity). Phosphorylates SOS1 at 'Ser-1134' and 'Ser-1161' that create YWHAB and YWHAE binding sites and which contribute to the negative regulation of MAPK1/3 phosphorylation (By similarity). Phosphorylates EPHA2 at 'Ser- 897', the RPS6KA-EPHA2 signaling pathway controls cell migration (PubMed:[26158630](#)). Acts as a regulator of osteoblast differentiation by mediating phosphorylation of ATF4, thereby promoting ATF4 transactivation activity (By similarity).

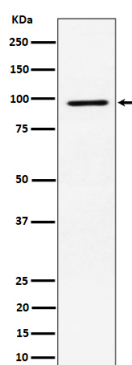
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Expressed in many tissues, highest levels in skeletal muscle

Images



Western blot analysis of RSK2 / RPS6KA3 expression in MCF7 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.