

BCKDK Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92905

Product Information

| Application | WB |
|-------------------|--|
| Primary Accession | <u>O14874</u> |
| Reactivity | Rat, Human, Mouse |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Other Names | BCKD kinase; BCKDHKIN; Bckdk; BCKDKD; BDK; |
| lsotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Calculated MW | 46360 |

Additional Information

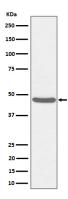
| Dilution Purification Immunogen | WB 1:500~1:2000 Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human BCKDK |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Description | Catalyzes the phosphorylation and inactivation of the branched-chain alpha-ketoacid dehydrogenase complex, the key regulatory enzyme of the valine, leucine and isoleucine catabolic pathways. Key enzyme that regulate the activity state of the BCKD complex. |
| Storage Condition and Buffer | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. |

Protein Information

| Name | BCKDK {ECO:0000303 PubMed:29779826, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:16902} |
|----------|---|
| Function | Serine/threonine-protein kinase component of macronutrients metabolism. Forms a functional kinase and phosphatase pair with PPM1K, serving as a metabolic regulatory node that coordinates branched-chain amino acids (BCAAs) with glucose and lipid metabolism via two distinct phosphoprotein targets: mitochondrial BCKDHA subunit of the branched- chain alpha-ketoacid dehydrogenase (BCKDH) complex and cytosolic ACLY, a lipogenic enzyme of Krebs cycle (PubMed:24449431, PubMed:29779826, PubMed:37558654). Phosphorylates and inactivates mitochondrial BCKDH complex a multisubunit complex consisting of three multimeric components each involved in different steps of BCAA catabolism: E1 composed of BCKDHA and BCKDHB, E2 core composed of DBT monomers, and E3 composed of DLD monomers. Associates with the E2 component of BCKDH complex and phosphorylates BCKDHA on Ser-337, leading to conformational changes that interrupt substrate channeling between E1 and E2 and inactivates the BCKDH complex |

| | (PubMed: <u>29779826</u> , PubMed: <u>37558654</u>). Phosphorylates ACLY on Ser-455 in response to changes in cellular carbohydrate abundance such as occurs during fasting to feeding metabolic transition. Refeeding stimulates MLXIPL/ChREBP transcription factor, leading to increased BCKDK to PPM1K expression ratio, phosphorylation and activation of ACLY that ultimately results in the generation of malonyl-CoA and oxaloacetate immediate substrates of de novo lipogenesis and glucogenesis, respectively (PubMed: <u>29779826</u>). Recognizes phosphosites having SxxE/D canonical motif (PubMed: <u>29779826</u>). |
|-------------------|--|
| Cellular Location | Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q00972, ECO:0000305 PubMed:24449431} Note=Detected in the cytosolic compartment of liver cells {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q00972} |
| Tissue Location | Ubiquitous. |

Images



Western blot analysis of BCKDK expression in HeLa cell lysate.

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