

IL15 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP93111

Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP40933ReactivityHumanClonalityMonoclonal

Other Names IL15; Interleukin 15;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW18086

Additional Information

Dilution WB 1:500~1:2000 **Purification** Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human IL15

Description Cytokine that stimulates the proliferation of T-lymphocytes. Stimulation by

IL-15 requires interaction of IL-15 with components of IL-2R, including IL-2R

beta and probably IL-2R gamma but not IL-2R alpha.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name IL15

Function Cytokine that plays a major role in the development of inflammatory and

protective immune responses to microbial invaders and parasites by modulating immune cells of both the innate and adaptive immune systems (PubMed:15123770). Stimulates the proliferation of natural killer cells, T-cells

and B-cells and promotes the secretion of several cytokines

(PubMed:<u>8178155</u>, PubMed:<u>9326248</u>). In monocytes, induces the production of IL8 and monocyte chemotactic protein 1/CCL2, two chemokines that attract

neutrophils and monocytes respectively to sites of infection

(PubMed:<u>9326248</u>). Unlike most cytokines, which are secreted in soluble form, IL15 is expressed in association with its high affinity IL15RA on the surface of IL15-producing cells and delivers signals to target cells that express IL2RB and IL2RG receptor subunits (PubMed:<u>10233906</u>, PubMed:<u>23104097</u>, PubMed:<u>8026467</u>). Binding to its receptor triggers the phosphorylation of JAK1 and JAK3 and the recruitment and subsequent phosphorylation of signal

transducer and activator of transcription-3/STAT3 and STAT5

(PubMed: <u>7568001</u>). In mast cells, induces the rapid tyrosine phosphorylation

of STAT6 and thereby controls mast cell survival and release of cytokines such

as IL4 (By similarity).

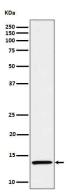
Cellular Location [Isoform IL15-S48AA]: Secreted.

Tissue Location Most abundant in placenta and skeletal muscle. It is also detected in the

heart, lung, liver and kidney. IL15-S21AA is preferentially expressed in tissues

such as testis and thymus

Images



Western blot analysis of IL15 in Recombinant human IL-15 protein cell lysate.

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