

Bak Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP94453

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	O08734
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	23295
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse Bak
Epitope Specificity	21-120/209
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Mitochondrion membrane.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL2 protein family. BCL2 family members form oligomers or heterodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. This protein localizes to mitochondria, and functions to induce apoptosis. It interacts with and accelerates the opening of the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel, which leads to a loss in membrane potential and the release of cytochrome c. This protein also interacts with the tumor suppressor P53 after exposure to cell stress. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	12018
Other Names	Bcl-2 homologous antagonist/killer, Apoptosis regulator BAK, Bak1, Bak
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cyt=1 µg/Test
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

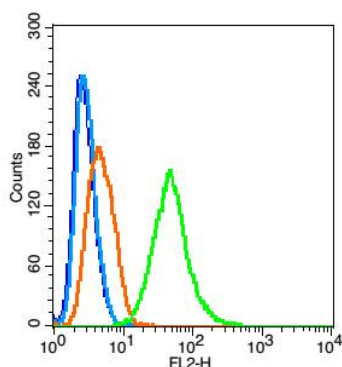
Protein Information

Name	Bak1
Synonyms	Bak
Function	In the presence of an appropriate stimulus, accelerates programmed cell death by binding to, and antagonizing the anti- apoptotic action of BCL2.
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion outer membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q16611}; Single-pass membrane protein
Tissue Location	Widely expressed.

Background

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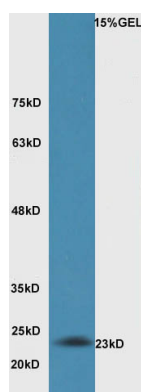
Images



Blank control: Hela(blue). Primary Antibody:Rabbit Anti-Bak antibody(AP94453), Dilution: 1 µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange) ,used under the same conditions); Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA.

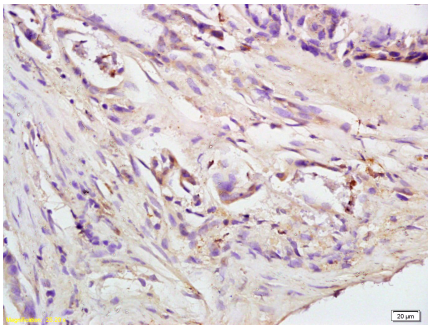
Protocol

The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) , then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 30 min on ice. Antibody (AP94453, 1 µg /1x10⁶ cells) were incubated for 30 min on the ice, followed by 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA + 1 0% goat serum (15 min) to block non-specific protein-protein interactions. Then the Goat Anti-rabbit IgG/PE antibody was added into the blocking buffer mentioned above to react with the primary antibody of AP94453 at 1/200 dilution for 30 min on ice. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Sample:Lung (Mouse) Lysate at 30 ug
Primary: Anti-Bak(AP94453) at 1:300 dilution;
Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG(bse-0295G) at 1: 5000 dilution;
Predicted band size : 23kD
Observed band size : 23kD

Tissue/cell: human colon carcinoma; 4%
Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;
Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling



bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-Bak Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(AP94453) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.