

phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb

phospho-ALOX5 (Ser271) Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP94529

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	P12527
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	78087
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from rat 5-Lipoxygenase around the phosphorylation site of Ser271
Epitope Specificity	QL(p-S)LE
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm. Nucleus matrix. Nucleus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene encodes a member of the lipoxygenase gene family and plays a dual role in the synthesis of leukotrienes from arachidonic acid. The encoded protein, which is expressed specifically in bone marrow-derived cells, catalyzes the conversion of arachidonic acid to 5(S)-hydroperoxy-6-trans-8,11,14-cis-eicosatetraenoic acid, and further to the allylic epoxide 5(S)-trans-7,9-trans-11,14-cis-eicosatetraenoic acid (leukotriene A4). Leukotrienes are important mediators of a number of inflammatory and allergic conditions. Mutations in the promoter region of this gene lead to a diminished response to antileukotriene drugs used in the treatment of asthma and may also be associated with atherosclerosis and several cancers. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed, but their full-length nature has not been determined.

Additional Information

Gene ID	25290
Other Names	Polyunsaturated fatty acid 5-lipoxygenase, 1.13.11.-, Alox5 {ECO:0000312 RGD:2096}
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cyt=1ug/Test
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

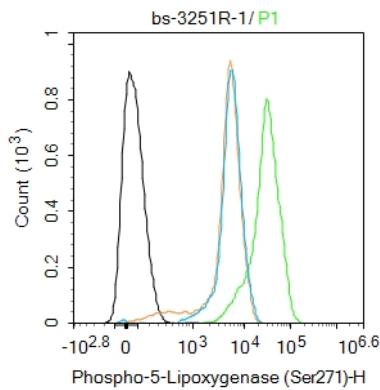
Protein Information

Name	Alox5 {ECO:0000312 RGD:2096}
Function	Catalyzes the oxygenation of arachidonate to 5-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoate (5-HPETE) followed by the dehydration to 5,6-epoxyeicosatetraenoate (Leukotriene A4/LTA4), the first two steps in the biosynthesis of leukotrienes, which are potent mediators of inflammation. Also catalyzes the oxygenation of arachidonate into 8-hydroperoxyicosatetraenoate (8-HPETE) and 12- hydroperoxyicosatetraenoate (12-HPETE). Displays lipoxin synthase activity being able to convert (15S)-HETE into a conjugate tetraene. Although arachidonate is the preferred substrate, this enzyme can also metabolize oxidized fatty acids derived from arachidonate such as (15S)-HETE, eicosapentaenoate (EPA) such as (18R)- and (18S)-HEPE or docosahexaenoate (DHA) which lead to the formation of specialized pro- resolving mediators (SPM) lipoxin and resolvins E and D respectively, therefore it participates in anti-inflammatory responses (By similarity). Oxidation of DHA directly inhibits endothelial cell proliferation and sprouting angiogenesis via peroxisome proliferator- activated receptor gamma (PPARgamma). It does not catalyze the oxygenation of linoleic acid and does not convert (5S)-HETE to lipoxin isomers. In addition to inflammatory processes, it participates in dendritic cell migration, wound healing through an antioxidant mechanism based on heme oxygenase-1 (HO-1) regulation expression, monocyte adhesion to the endothelium via ITGAM expression on monocytes. Moreover, it helps establish an adaptive humoral immunity by regulating primary resting B cells and follicular helper T cells and participates in the CD40-induced production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) after CD40 ligation in B cells through interaction with PIK3R1 that bridges ALOX5 with CD40. May also play a role in glucose homeostasis, regulation of insulin secretion and palmitic acid-induced insulin resistance via AMPK. Can regulate bone mineralization and fat cell differentiation increases in induced pluripotent stem cells (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P48999}. Nucleus matrix {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus envelope {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Nucleus intermembrane space {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus. Found exclusively in the nucleus, when phosphorylated on Ser- 272. Calcium binding promotes translocation from the cytosol and the nuclear matrix to the nuclear envelope and membrane association {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P09917}

Background

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Images



Blank control(black line):A431.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit

Anti-Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase (Ser271) antibody (AP94529)

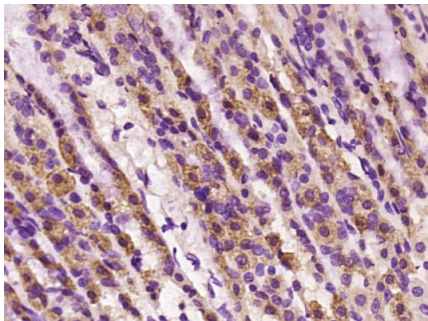
Dilution:1ug/Test;

Secondary Antibody(white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488

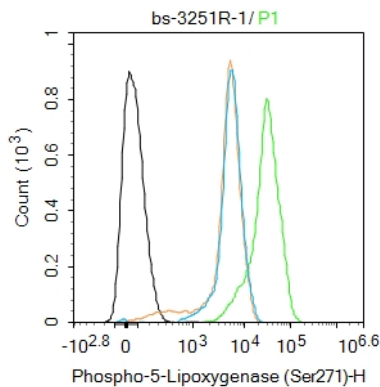
Dilution: 0.5ug/Test.

Isotype control(orange line): Normal Rabbit IgG Protocol

The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature)and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C, The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat stomach); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase(Ser271)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94529) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



Blank control(black line):A431. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Phospho-5-Lipoxygenase (Ser271)

antibody (AP94529) Dilution:1ug/Test; Secondary

Antibody(white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488

Dilution: 0.5ug/Test. Isotype control(orange line): Normal Rabbit IgG Protocol

The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature)and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C, The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.