

Recombinant Anti-PABPN1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP95031

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC, IP, IF/IC
Primary Accession	Q86U42
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	32749

Additional Information

Gene ID	8106
Other Names	PAB2; PABP2; Polyadenylate-binding protein 2; PABP-2; Poly(A)-binding protein 2; Nuclear poly(A)-binding protein 1; Poly(A)-binding protein II; PABII; Polyadenylate-binding nuclear protein 1
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within human PABPN1 protein. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000) IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 IP~~N/A IF/IC~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS, pH 7.3, 50% glycerol, 0.05% BSA, and 0.05% Proclin300.
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	PABPN1 (HGNC:8565)
Synonyms	PAB2, PABP2
Function	Involved in the 3'-end formation of mRNA precursors (pre- mRNA) by the addition of a poly(A) tail of 200-250 nt to the upstream cleavage product (By similarity). Stimulates poly(A) polymerase (PAPOLA) conferring processivity on the poly(A) tail elongation reaction and also controls the poly(A) tail length (By similarity). Increases the affinity of poly(A) polymerase for RNA (By similarity). Is also present at various stages of mRNA metabolism including nucleocytoplasmic trafficking and nonsense-mediated decay (NMD) of mRNA. Cooperates with SKIP to synergistically activate E-box-mediated transcription through MYOD1 and may regulate the expression of muscle- specific genes (PubMed: 11371506). Binds to poly(A) and to poly(G) with high affinity (By similarity). May protect the poly(A) tail from degradation (By similarity). Subunit of the trimeric poly(A) tail exosome targeting (PAXT) complex, a complex that directs a subset of long and polyadenylated poly(A) RNAs for

exosomal degradation. The RNA exosome is fundamental for the degradation of RNA in eukaryotic nuclei. Substrate targeting is facilitated by its cofactor MTREX, which links to RNA-binding protein adapters (PubMed:[27871484](#)).

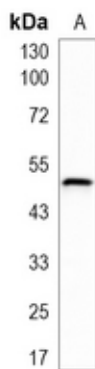
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleus speckle Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm but predominantly found in the nucleus (PubMed:10688363). Its nuclear import may involve the nucleocytoplasmic transport receptor transportin and a RAN-GTP- sensitive import mechanism (By similarity). Is exported to the cytoplasm by a carrier-mediated pathway that is independent of mRNA traffic. Colocalizes with SKIP and poly(A) RNA in nuclear speckles (By similarity). Intranuclear filamentous inclusions or 'aggregates' are detected in the myocytes of patients; these inclusions contain PABPN1, ubiquitin, subunits of the proteasome and poly(A) RNA
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q28165, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10688363, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11001936, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11371506, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14663186, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17289661, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27209344}

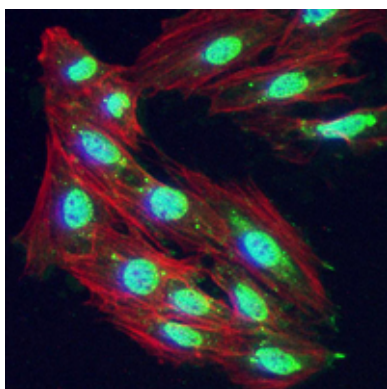
Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

Images



Western blot analysis of PABPN1 expression in HeLa (A) whole cell lysates. (Predicted band size: 33 kD; Observed band size: 49 kD)



Immunofluorescent analysis of PABPN1 staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with an AF488-conjugated secondary antibody (green) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. Phalloidin - AF594 was used to stain Actin filaments (red). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

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