

Recombinant Anti-Cytochrome P450 17A1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP95262

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IP, IF/IC
Primary Accession	P05093
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	57371

Additional Information

Gene ID	1586
Other Names	CYP17; S17AH; Steroid 17-alpha-hydroxylase/17, 20 lyase; 17-alpha-hydroxyprogesterone aldolase; CYPXVII; Cytochrome P450 17A1; Cytochrome P450-C17; Cytochrome P450c17; Steroid 17-alpha-monooxygenase
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within human Cytochrome P450 17A1 protein. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000) FC~~1:10~50 IP~~N/A IF/IC~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS, pH 7.3, 50% glycerol, 0.05% BSA, and 0.05% Proclin300.
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

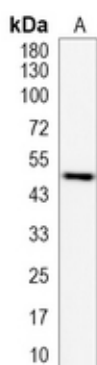
Name	CYP17A1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:19793597, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:2593}
Function	A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in corticoid and androgen biosynthesis (PubMed:22266943, PubMed:25301938, PubMed:27339894, PubMed:9452426). Catalyzes 17-alpha hydroxylation of C21 steroids, which is common for both pathways. A second oxidative step, required only for androgen synthesis, involves an acyl-carbon cleavage. The 17-alpha hydroxy intermediates, as part of adrenal glucocorticoids biosynthesis pathway, are precursors of cortisol (Probable) (PubMed:25301938, PubMed:9452426). Hydroxylates steroid hormones, pregnenolone and progesterone to form 17-alpha hydroxy metabolites, followed by the cleavage of the C17-C20 bond to form C19 steroids, dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) and androstenedione (PubMed:22266943, PubMed:25301938, PubMed:27339894, PubMed:36640554, PubMed:9452426). Has 16-alpha hydroxylase activity. Catalyzes 16-alpha hydroxylation of 17-alpha hydroxy pregnenolone, followed

by the cleavage of the C17-C20 bond to form 16- α -hydroxy DHEA (PubMed:[36640554](#)). Also 16- α hydroxylates androgens, relevant for estriol synthesis (PubMed:[25301938](#), PubMed:[27339894](#)). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR; NADPH-ferrihemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:[22266943](#), PubMed:[25301938](#), PubMed:[27339894](#), PubMed:[9452426](#)).

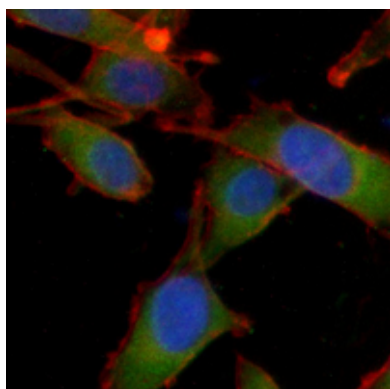
Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Microsome membrane

Images



Western blot analysis of Cytochrome P450 17A1 expression in Jurkat (A) whole cell lysates. (Predicted band size: 57 kD; Observed band size: 50 kD)



Immunofluorescent analysis of Cytochrome P450 17A1 staining in Jurkat cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with an AF488-conjugated secondary antibody (green) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. Phalloidin - AF594 was used to stain Actin filaments (red). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.