

Anti-CD4 Antibody

Catalog # AP95507

Product Information

Application	FC, IF/IC
Primary Accession	P01730
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal (clone: Riv7)
Calculated MW	51111

Additional Information

Gene ID	920
Other Names	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3; CD antigen CD4
Target/Specificity	Native purified human CD4.
Dilution	FC~~FC (1/500 - 1/2000) IF/IC~~N/A
Format	Mouse IgG2a kappa. Liquid in PBS, pH 7.3, 0.2% BSA, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	CD4
Function	Integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T- helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature macrophages.

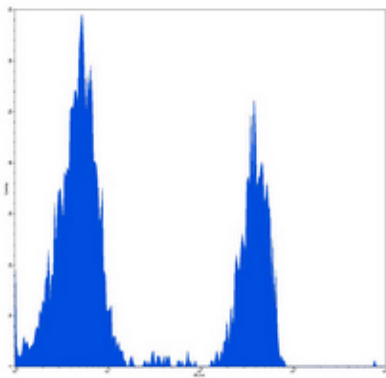
Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Localizes to lipid rafts (PubMed:12517957, PubMed:9168119). Removed from plasma membrane by HIV- 1 Nef protein that increases clathrin-dependent endocytosis of this antigen to target it to lysosomal degradation. Cell surface expression is also down-modulated by HIV-1 Envelope polyprotein gp160 that interacts with, and sequesters CD4 in the endoplasmic reticulum

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in T-helper cells. The presence of CD4 is a hallmark of T-helper cells which are specialized in the activation and growth of cytotoxic T-cells, regulation of B cells, or activation of phagocytes. CD4 is also present in other immune cells such as macrophages, dendritic cells or NK cells

Images



Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood lymphocytes using Anti-CD4 Antibody, followed by anti-mouse IgG PE.

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