

# NOXA1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9567b

### **Product Information**

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<u>Q86UR1</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB24243
Calculated MW	50933
Antigen Region	449-478

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	10811
Other Names	NADPH oxidase activator 1, NOX activator 1, Antigen NY-CO-31, NCF2-like protein, P67phox-like factor, p51-nox, NOXA1, P51NOX
Target/Specificity	This NOXA1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 449-478 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human NOXA1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	NOXA1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name	NOXA1
Synonyms	P51NOX
Function	Functions as an activator of NOX1, a superoxide-producing NADPH oxidase. Functions in the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) which participate

	in a variety of biological processes including host defense, hormone biosynthesis, oxygen sensing and signal transduction. May also activate CYBB/gp91phox and NOX3.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Translocation to membranes depends on NOXO1 or NCF1 and maybe RAC1
Tissue Location	Widely expressed. Detected in pancreas, liver, kidney, spleen, prostate, small intestine and colon

## Background

NADPH oxidases (NOXs) catalyze the transfer of electrons from NADPH to molecular oxygen to generate reactive oxygen species (ROS). The NOX activator NOXA1 can stimulate both NOX1 (MIM 300225) and NOX2 (CYBB; MIM 300481), but it appears to be more effective in activating NOX1 (Opitz et al., 2007 [PubMed 17189823]).[supplied by OMIM].

#### References

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#### Images



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