

Anti-Nibrin Antibody

Catalog # AP95967

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC, IF/IC
Primary Accession	O60934
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	84959

Additional Information

Gene ID	4683
Other Names	NBS; NBS1; P95; Nibrin; Cell cycle regulatory protein p95; Nijmegen breakage syndrome protein 1
Target/Specificity	Recombinant fusion protein of human Nibrin expressed in E. Coli
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000) IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~FC (1/100 - 1/200) IF/IC~~N/A
Format	Mouse IgG2a. Liquid in PBS, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.01% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	NBN (HGNC:7652)
Function	Component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis (PubMed:10888888, PubMed:15616588, PubMed:18411307, PubMed:18583988, PubMed:18678890, PubMed:19759395, PubMed:23115235, PubMed:28216226, PubMed:28867292, PubMed:9705271). The MRN complex is involved in the repair of DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs) via homologous recombination (HR), an error-free mechanism which primarily occurs during S and G2 phases (PubMed:19759395, PubMed:28867292, PubMed:9705271). The complex (1) mediates the end resection of damaged DNA, which generates proper single-stranded DNA, a key initial steps in HR, and is (2) required for the recruitment of other repair factors and efficient activation of ATM and ATR upon DNA damage (PubMed:19759395, PubMed:9705271). The MRN complex possesses single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand-specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity, which are provided by MRE11, to initiate end resection, which is required for single-strand invasion and recombination (PubMed:19759395, PubMed:28867292, PubMed:9705271). Within the MRN

complex, NBN acts as a protein-protein adapter, which specifically recognizes and binds phosphorylated proteins, promoting their recruitment to DNA damage sites (PubMed:[12419185](#), PubMed:[15616588](#), PubMed:[18411307](#), PubMed:[18582474](#), PubMed:[18583988](#), PubMed:[18678890](#), PubMed:[19759395](#), PubMed:[19804756](#), PubMed:[23762398](#), PubMed:[24534091](#), PubMed:[27814491](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[33836577](#)). Recruits MRE11 and RAD50 components of the MRN complex to DSBs in response to DNA damage (PubMed:[12419185](#), PubMed:[18411307](#), PubMed:[18583988](#), PubMed:[18678890](#), PubMed:[24534091](#), PubMed:[26438602](#)). Promotes the recruitment of PI3/PI4-kinase family members ATM, ATR, and probably DNA-PKcs to the DNA damage sites, activating their functions (PubMed:[15064416](#), PubMed:[15616588](#), PubMed:[15790808](#), PubMed:[16622404](#), PubMed:[22464731](#), PubMed:[30952868](#), PubMed:[35076389](#)). Mediates the recruitment of phosphorylated RBBP8/CtIP to DSBs, leading to cooperation between the MRN complex and RBBP8/CtIP to initiate end resection (PubMed:[19759395](#), PubMed:[27814491](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[33836577](#)). RBBP8/CtIP specifically promotes the endonuclease activity of the MRN complex to clear DNA ends containing protein adducts (PubMed:[27814491](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[30787182](#), PubMed:[33836577](#)). The MRN complex is also required for the processing of R-loops (PubMed:[31537797](#)). NBN also functions in telomere length maintenance via its interaction with TERF2: interaction with TERF2 during G1 phase preventing recruitment of DCLRE1B/Apollo to telomeres (PubMed:[10888888](#), PubMed:[28216226](#)). NBN also promotes DNA repair choice at dysfunctional telomeres: NBN phosphorylation by CDK2 promotes non-homologous end joining repair at telomeres, while unphosphorylated NBN promotes microhomology-mediated end-joining (MMEJ) repair (PubMed:[28216226](#)). Enhances AKT1 phosphorylation possibly by association with the mTORC2 complex (PubMed:[23762398](#)).

Cellular Location

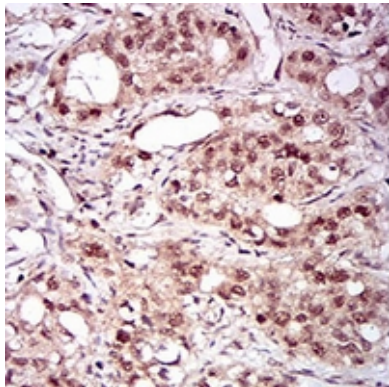
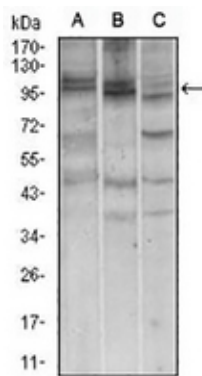
Nucleus. Chromosome. Nucleus, PML body. Chromosome, telomere
 Note=Localizes to discrete nuclear foci after treatment with genotoxic agents (PubMed:[10783165](#), PubMed:[26215093](#), PubMed:[26438602](#)). Localizes to DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs); recruited to DNA damage sites via association with phosphorylated proteins, such as phosphorylated H2AX, phosphorylated MDC1 and phosphorylated RAD17 (PubMed:[12419185](#), PubMed:[18411307](#), PubMed:[18582474](#), PubMed:[18583988](#), PubMed:[18678890](#), PubMed:[19338747](#), PubMed:[23115235](#), PubMed:[24534091](#), PubMed:[26438602](#)) Acetylation of 'Lys-5' of histone H2AX (H2AXK5ac) promotes NBN/NBS1 assembly at the sites of DNA damage (PubMed:[26438602](#))

Tissue Location

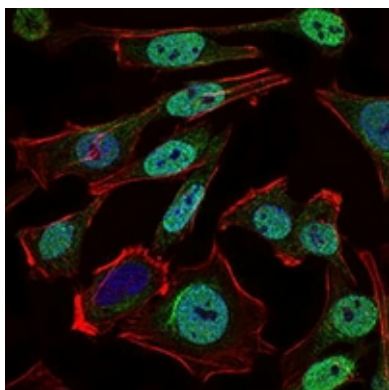
Ubiquitous (PubMed:[9590180](#)). Expressed at high levels in testis (PubMed:[9590180](#)).

Images

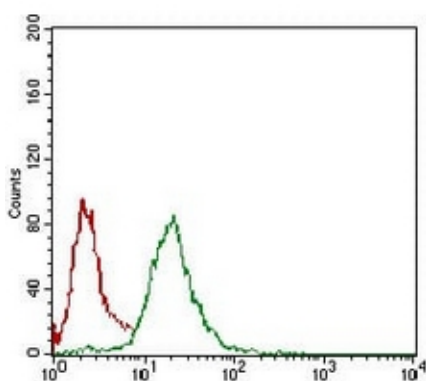
Western blot analysis of Nibrin expression in A549 (A), Jurkat (B), PC12 (C) whole cell lysates. (Predicted band size: 85 kD; Observed band size: 95 kD)



Immunohistochemical analysis of Nibrin staining in human cervical cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of Nibrin staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with an AF488-conjugated secondary antibody (green) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. Phalloidin - AF594 was used to stain Actin filaments (red). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).



Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells using Anti-Nibrin Antibody (green) and negative control (red).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.