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Recombinant Anti-LKB1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP96155

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IP, IF/IC
Primary Accession	Q15831
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	48636

Additional Information

Gene ID	6794
Other Names	LKB1; PJS; Serine/threonine-protein kinase STK11; Liver kinase B1; LKB1; hLKB1; Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-19
Dilution	WB~~1:500-1000 IHC-P~~1:200 IP~~N/A IF/IC~~1:50-200
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	STK11 (HGNC:11389)
Synonyms	LKB1, PJS
Function	Tumor suppressor serine/threonine-protein kinase that controls the activity of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK) family members, thereby playing a role in various processes such as cell metabolism, cell polarity, apoptosis and DNA damage response (PubMed:12805220, PubMed:14517248, PubMed:14976552, PubMed:15016379, PubMed:15733851). Acts by phosphorylating the T-loop of AMPK family proteins, thus promoting their activity: phosphorylates PRKAA1, PRKAA2, BRSK1, BRSK2, MARK1, MARK2, MARK3, MARK4, NUAK1, NUAK2, SIK1, SIK2, SIK3 and SNRK but not MELK (PubMed:12805220, PubMed:14517248, PubMed:14976552, PubMed:15016379, PubMed:15733851). Also phosphorylates non-AMPK family proteins such as STRADA, PTEN and possibly p53/TP53 (PubMed:11430832, PubMed:15987703). Acts as a key upstream regulator of AMPK by mediating phosphorylation and activation of AMPK catalytic subunits PRKAA1 and PRKAA2 and thereby regulates processes including: inhibition of signaling pathways that promote cell growth and proliferation when energy levels are low, glucose homeostasis in liver, activation of autophagy when cells undergo nutrient deprivation, and B- cell differentiation in the germinal center in response to DNA damage (PubMed:14976552). Also acts as a regulator of cellular polarity by remodeling the actin cytoskeleton

(PubMed:15016379). Required for cortical neuron polarization by mediating phosphorylation and activation of BRSK1 and BRSK2, leading to axon initiation and specification (PubMed:14976552). Involved in DNA damage response: interacts with p53/TP53 and recruited to the CDKN1A/WAF1 promoter to participate in transcription activation (PubMed:11430832, PubMed:17108107, PubMed:21317932). Able to phosphorylate p53/TP53; the relevance of such result in vivo is however unclear and phosphorylation may be indirect and mediated by downstream STK11/LKB1 kinase NUAK1 (PubMed:11430832, PubMed:17108107, PubMed:21317932). Also acts as a mediator of p53/TP53-dependent apoptosis via interaction with p53/TP53: translocates to the mitochondrion during apoptosis and regulates p53/TP53-dependent apoptosis pathways (PubMed:11430832, PubMed:17108107, PubMed:21317932). Regulates UV radiation-induced DNA damage response mediated by CDKN1A (PubMed:25329316). In association with NUAK1, phosphorylates CDKN1A in response to UV radiation and contributes to its degradation which is necessary for optimal DNA repair (PubMed:25329316).

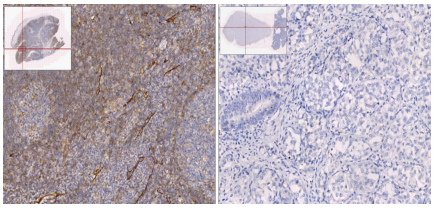
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WTK7} Mitochondrion. Late endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WTK7}. Note=A small fraction localizes at membranes (By similarity). Relocates to the cytoplasm when bound to STRAD (STRADA or STRADB) and CAB39/MO25 (CAB39/MO25alpha or CAB39L/MO25beta) (PubMed:18854309). Translocates to the mitochondrion during apoptosis. PTEN promotes cytoplasmic localization (PubMed:11430832). Translocates to late endosomes in response to calorie restriction (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WTK7, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11430832, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18854309}

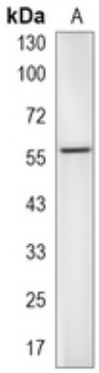
Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. Strongest expression in testis and fetal liver

Images

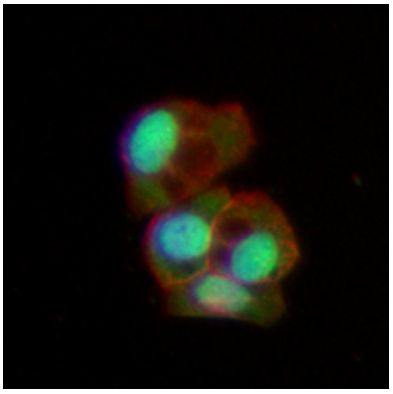


Immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human tonsil (left) and human uterine fibroids (right, LKB1 mutation) tissues using LKB1 antibody, with HRP-labeled secondary antibody and DAB chromogen. Positive signals were detected in human tonsils, but no staining was observed in uterine fibroids with STK11 mutations.



Western blot analysis of LKB1 expression in K562 (A) whole cell lysates. (Predicted band size: 49 kD; Observed band size: 60 kD)

Immunofluorescent analysis of LKB1 staining in K562 cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and



incubated overnight at 4 °C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with an AF488-conjugated secondary antibody (green) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. Phalloidin - AF594 was used to stain Actin filaments (red). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.