

# AANAT Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP9626a

## Product Information

---

<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q16613</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB23834
<b>Calculated MW</b>	23344
<b>Antigen Region</b>	27-54

## Additional Information

---

<b>Gene ID</b>	15
<b>Other Names</b>	Serotonin N-acetyltransferase, Serotonin acetylase, Aralkylamine N-acetyltransferase, AA-NAT, AANAT, SNAT
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This AANAT antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 27-54 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AANAT.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	AANAT Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

---

<b>Name</b>	AANAT
<b>Synonyms</b>	SNAT
<b>Function</b>	Controls the night/day rhythm of melatonin production in the pineal gland. Catalyzes the N-acetylation of serotonin into N- acetylserotonin, the

penultimate step in the synthesis of melatonin.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm.

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in pineal gland and at lower levels in the retina. Weak expression in several brain regions and in the pituitary gland.

## Background

AANAT belongs to the acetyltransferase superfamily. It is the penultimate enzyme in melatonin synthesis and controls the night/day rhythm in melatonin production in the vertebrate pineal gland. Melatonin is essential for the function of the circadian clock that influences activity and sleep. This enzyme is regulated by cAMP-dependent phosphorylation that promotes its interaction with 14-3-3 proteins and thus protects the enzyme against proteasomal degradation. This gene may contribute to numerous genetic diseases such as delayed sleep phase syndrome.

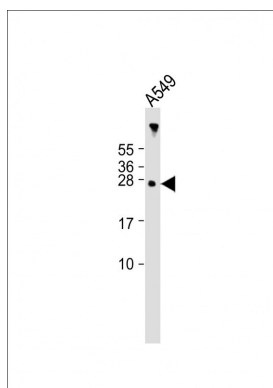
## References

Mansour, H.A., et al. Bipolar Disord 11(7):701-710(2009)

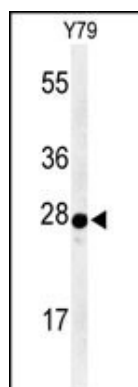
Gratacos, M., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 150B (6), 808-816 (2009)

Anderson, B.M., et al. Neurogenetics 10(3):209-216(2009)

## Images



Anti-AANAT Antibody (N-term) at 1:2000 dilution + A549 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 23 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Western blot analysis of AANAT Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9626a) in Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). AANAT (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.