

PSMD12 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP97061

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	O00232
Other Accession	O00232
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	52904
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PSMD12
Epitope Specificity	101-200/1050
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the proteasome subunit p55 family. Contains 1 PCI domain.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	In eukaryotic cells, selective breakdown of cellular proteins is ensured by their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation by the 26S Proteasome. The 26S Proteasome is a protease complex that selectively breaks down proteins that have been modified by polyubiquitin chains. It is made up of two multisubunit complexes: the 20S Proteasome chamber, which serves as the proteolytic core of the complex and two 19S regulatory particles which recognize and unfold ubiquitinated proteins. PSMD12 (proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, non-ATPase, 12), also known as p55 or Rpn5, is a 456 amino acid protein belonging to the proteasome subunit p55 family. PSMD12 acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26S proteasome and is a component of the PA700 complex. PSMD12 contains one PCI domain.

Additional Information

Gene ID	5718
Other Names	Rpn5; STISS; p55; 1500002F15Rik; PSD12_HUMAN; PSMD12; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN5; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit p55; PSD12_MOUSE; proteasome 26S subunit, non-ATPase 12; proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, non-ATPase, 12
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC/IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	PSMD12
Function	Component of the 26S proteasome, a multiprotein complex involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. This complex plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins, which could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Therefore, the proteasome participates in numerous cellular processes, including cell cycle progression, apoptosis, or DNA damage repair.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.