

PRUNE Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9748b

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC, E

Primary Accession Q86TP1 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB24464 **Calculated MW** 50200 **Antigen Region** 360-389

Additional Information

Gene ID 58497

Other Names Protein prune homolog, hPrune, Drosophila-related expressed sequence 17,

DRES-17, DRES17, HTcD37, PRUNE

Target/Specificity This PRUNE antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 360-389 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human PRUNE.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PRUNE Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PRUNE1 (HGNC:13420)

Synonyms PRUNE

Function Phosphodiesterase (PDE) that has higher activity toward cAMP than cGMP,

as substrate. Plays a role in cell proliferation, migration and differentiation, and acts as a negative regulator of NME1. Plays a role in the regulation of neurogenesis (PubMed: 28334956). Involved in the regulation of microtubule polymerization (PubMed: 28334956).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Note=In some transfected

cells a nuclear staining is also observed

Tissue Location Ubiquitously expressed. Seems to be overexpressed in aggressive sarcoma

subtypes, such as leiomyosarcomas and malignant fibrous histiocytomas

(MFH) as well as in the less malignant liposarcomas.

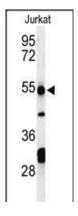
Background

Phosphodiesterase (PDE) that has higher activity toward cAMP than cGMP, as substrate. It plays a role in cell proliferation, is able to induce cell motility and acts as a negative regulator of NME1.

References

Vieira, A.R., et al. Genet. Med. 10(9):668-674(2008) Middelhaufe, S., et al. Biochem. J. 407(2):199-205(2007) Kobayashi, T., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 26(3):898-911(2006) Zollo, M., et al. Clin. Cancer Res. 11(1):199-205(2005) Forus, A., et al. Oncogene 20(47):6881-6890(2001) Reymond, A., et al. Oncogene 18(51):7244-7252(1999)

Images

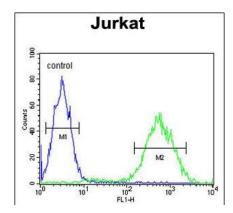


Western blot analysis of PRUNE Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP9748b) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). PRUNE (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



PRUNE Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP9748b) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded prostate carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the PRUNE Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

PRUNE Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP9748b) flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left



histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.