

LIP5 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP97813

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	Q9NP79
Other Accession	Q9NP79
Reactivity	Rat, Mouse
Predicted	Human, Rabbit, Chicken, Horse, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	33879
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LIP5
Epitope Specificity	221-307/307
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the VTA1 family.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with VPS4B. Interacts with CHMP1B. Interacts with CHMP2A; the interaction probably involves the open conformation of (polymerized) CHMP2A. Interacts with CHMP3. Interacts with CHMP5; the interaction involves soluble CHMP5. Interacts with IST1.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	C6ORF55 encodes a protein involved in trafficking of the multivesicular body, an endosomal compartment involved in sorting membrane proteins for degradation in lysosomes (Ward et al., 2005 [PubMed 15644320]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	51534
Other Names	6orf55; C6orf55; DRG-1; DRG1; HSPC228; LIP5; My012; SBP1; 1110001D18Rik; 1110059P08Rik; RGD1305031; VTA1_BOVIN; VTA1; VTA1_HUMAN; Dopamine-responsive gene 1 protein (DRG-1); LYST-interacting protein 5 (LIP5); SKD1-binding protein 1 (SBP1); VTA1_MOUSE; vesicle trafficking 1; chromosome 6 open reading frame 55; Vps20-associated 1 homolog (S. cerevisiae); vesicle (multivesicular body) trafficking 1
Dilution	IHC-P=1:400-800,IHC-F=1:400-800,IF=1:100-500
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	VTA1
Synonyms	C6orf55
Function	Involved in the endosomal multivesicular bodies (MVB) pathway. MVBs contain intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) that are generated by invagination and scission from the limiting membrane of the endosome and mostly are delivered to lysosomes enabling degradation of membrane proteins, such as stimulated growth factor receptors, lysosomal enzymes and lipids. Thought to be a cofactor of VPS4A/B, which catalyzes disassembles membrane-associated ESCRT-III assemblies. Involved in the sorting and down-regulation of EGFR (By similarity). Involved in HIV-1 budding.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.