

SF3B14 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP97981

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	Q9Y3B4
Other Accession	Q9Y3B4
Reactivity	Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Pig, Human, Rabbit, Dog, Horse, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	14585
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SF3B14
Epitope Specificity	71-125/125
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300, Constituents: 1% BSA, 0.01M PBS, pH7.4.
SIMILARITY	Contains 1 RRM (RNA recognition motif) domain.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene encodes a 14 kDa protein subunit of the splicing factor 3b complex. Splicing factor 3b associates with both the U2 and U11/U12 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein complexes (U2 snRNP) of spliceosomes. This 14 kDa protein interacts directly with subunit 1 of the splicing factor 3b complex. This 14 kDa protein also interacts directly with the adenosine that carries out the first transesterification step of splicing at the pre-mRNA branch site. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	51639
Other Names	CGI-110; HSPC175; Ht006; P14; SAP14; SAP14a; SF3B14; SF3B14a; 0610009D07Rik; 6030419K15Rik; SF3B6_HUMAN; SF3B6; Pre-mRNA branch site protein p14; SF3b 14 kDa subunit (SF3B14a); Spliceosome-associated protein, 14-kDa; Splicing factor 3b, subunit 6, 14kDa; SF3B6_MOUSE; SF3b 14 kDa subunit; splicing factor 3b subunit 6; pre mRNA branch site protein p14
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	SF3B6
Synonyms	SAP14, SF3B14, SF3B14A
Function	Component of the 17S U2 SnRNP complex of the spliceosome, a large ribonucleoprotein complex that removes introns from transcribed pre-mRNAs (PubMed:12234937, PubMed:27720643, PubMed:32494006, PubMed:34822310). The 17S U2 SnRNP complex (1) directly participates in early spliceosome assembly and (2) mediates recognition of the intron branch site during pre-mRNA splicing by promoting the selection of the pre-mRNA branch-site adenosine, the nucleophile for the first step of splicing (PubMed:12234937, PubMed:32494006, PubMed:34822310). Within the 17S U2 SnRNP complex, SF3B6 is part of the SF3B subcomplex, which is required for 'A' complex assembly formed by the stable binding of U2 snRNP to the branchpoint sequence in pre-mRNA (PubMed:12234937, PubMed:27720643). Sequence independent binding of SF3A and SF3B subcomplexes upstream of the branch site is essential, it may anchor U2 snRNP to the pre-mRNA (PubMed:12234937). Within the 17S U2 SnRNP complex, SF3B6 directly contacts the pre-mRNA branch site adenosine for the first catalytic step of splicing (PubMed:16432215). SF3B6 stabilizes the intron branch site-U2 snRNA duplex, thereby promoting- binding of introns with poor sequence complementarity (PubMed:34822310). Also acts as a component of the minor spliceosome, which is involved in the splicing of U12-type introns in pre-mRNAs (PubMed:15146077, PubMed:33509932).
Cellular Location	Nucleus

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