

SPEM1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP98352

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	Q8N4L4
Other Accession	Q8N4L4
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	34773
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SPEM1
Epitope Specificity	201-300/309
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	SPEM1 is a 309 amino acid transmembrane and cytoplasmic protein that is required for proper cytoplasm removal during spermatogenesis. SPEM1 interacts with both Ran BP-17 and PLIC-1. Since PLIC-1 functions through binding and directing poly-ubiquitinated proteins to the proteasome for degradation, interactions between PLIC-1 and SPEM1 suggest a role in the regulation of protein ubiquitination during spermiogenesis. The SPEM1 gene maps to human chromosome 17p13.1. Comprising over 2.5% of the human genome, chromosome 17 consists of about 81 million bases, encodes over 1,200 genes and has the highest gene density in the genome. Chromosome 17 is also enriched in segmental duplications, ranking third in density among the autosomes.

Additional Information

Gene ID	374768
Other Names	C17orf83; SPEM1_HUMAN; SPEM1; spermatid maturation 1; chromosome 17 open reading frame 83
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC/IF=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:500 0-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	SPEM1
Synonyms	C17orf83
Function	Required for proper cytoplasm removal during spermatogenesis.
Cellular Location	Membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.