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CPEB1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP98530

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	Q9BZB8
Other Accession	Q9BZB8
Predicted	Rat, Pig, Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Chicken, Horse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	62595
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CPEB1
Epitope Specificity	451-550/566
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the RRM CPEB family. Contains 2 RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with kinesin, dynein, APLP1, APLP2, PAPD4/GLD2 and APP. Both phosphorylated and non phosphorylated forms interact with APLP1.
Post-translational modifications	Phosphorylated on serine/threonine residues by AURKA within positions 166 and 197. Phosphorylation and dephosphorylation on Thr-172 regulates cytoplasmic polyadenylation and translation of CPE-containing mRNAs. Phosphorylation on Thr-172 by AURKA and CAMK2A activates CPEB1. Phosphorylation on Thr-172 may be promoted by APLP1. Phosphorylation increases binding to RNA (By similarity).
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that regulates mRNA cytoplasmic polyadenylation and translation initiation during oocyte maturation, early development and at postsynapse sites of neurons. Binds to the cytoplasmic polyadenylation element (CPE), an uridine-rich sequence element (consensus sequence 5'-UUUUUAU-3') within the mRNA 3'-UTR. In absence of phosphorylation and in association with TACC3 is also involved as a repressor of translation of CPE-containing mRNA; a repression that is relieved by phosphorylation or degradation (By similarity). Involved in the transport of CPE-containing mRNA to dendrites; those mRNAs may be transported to dendrites in a translationally dormant form and translationally activated at synapses (By similarity). Its interaction with APLP1 promotes local CPE-containing mRNA polyadenylation and translation activation (By similarity). Induces the assembly of stress granules in the absence of stress.

Additional Information

Gene ID	64506

Other Names	CPE-BP1; CPEB; CPEB-1; h-CPEB; hCPEB-1; CPEB1_HUMAN; CPEB1; CPE-binding protein 1; cytoplasmic polyadenylation element binding protein 1
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	CPEB1
Synonyms	CPEB
Function	Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that regulates mRNA cytoplasmic polyadenylation and translation initiation during oocyte maturation, early development and at postsynapse sites of neurons. Binds to the cytoplasmic polyadenylation element (CPE), an uridine-rich sequence element (consensus sequence 5'-UUUUUAU-3') within the mRNA 3'- UTR. RNA binding results in a clear conformational change analogous to the Venus fly trap mechanism (PubMed:24990967). In absence of phosphorylation and in association with TACC3 is also involved as a repressor of translation of CPE-containing mRNA; a repression that is relieved by phosphorylation or degradation (By similarity). Involved in the transport of CPE-containing mRNA to dendrites; those mRNAs may be transported to dendrites in a translationally dormant form and translationally activated at synapses (By similarity). Its interaction with APLP1 promotes local CPE-containing mRNA polyadenylation and translation activation (By similarity). Induces the assembly of stress granules in the absence of stress. Required for cell cycle progression, specifically for prophase entry (PubMed:26398195).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus Cytoplasm, P-body. Cytoplasmic granule. Synapse. Membrane. Postsynaptic density. Cell projection, dendrite Note=Continuously shuttling between nucleus and cytoplasm (PubMed:18923137). Also found in stress granules. Recruited to stress granules (SGs) upon arsenite treatment. In dendrites (By similarity) Localizes in synaptosomes at dendritic synapses of neurons (By similarity). Strongly enriched in postsynaptic density (PSD) fractions (By similarity). Transported into dendrites in a microtubule-dependent fashion and colocalizes in mRNA-containing particles with TACC3, dynein and kinesin (By similarity). Membrane-associated (By similarity) Colocalizes at excitatory synapses with members of the polyadenylation and translation complex factors (CPSF, APLP1, TACC3, AURKA, SYP, etc.) including CPE-containing RNAs (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18923137}
Tissue Location	Isoform 1 is expressed in immature oocytes, ovary, brain and heart. Isoform 2 is expressed in brain and heart. Isoform 3 and isoform 4 are expressed in brain. Expressed in breast tumors and several tumor cell lines.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.