

CYP1A1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP99601

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	P04798
Other Accession	P04798
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	58165
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CYP1A1
Epitope Specificity	361-460/512
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the cytochrome P450 family.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene, CYP1A1, encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and its expression is induced by some polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), some of which are found in cigarette smoke. The enzyme's endogenous substrate is unknown; however, it is able to metabolize some PAHs to carcinogenic intermediates. The gene has been associated with lung cancer risk. A related family member, CYP1A2, is located approximately 25 kb away from CYP1A1 on chromosome 15. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	1543
Other Names	CP1A1_HUMAN; CYP1A1; CYPIA1; Cytochrome P450 form 6; Cytochrome P450-C; Cytochrome P450-P1; Hydroperoxy icosatetraenoate dehydratase; 1.14.14.1; CP1A2_HUMAN; CYP1A2; CYPIA2; Cholesterol 25-hydroxylase; Cytochrome P(3)450; Cytochrome P450 4; Cytochrome P450-P3; CP1A1_MOUSE; Cyp1a-1; CP1A2_MOUSE; Cytochrome P450-P2; Cyp1a-2; CP1A1_RAT; Cytochrome P450MT2; CP1A2_RAT; Cytochrome P-448; Cytochrome P-450d; Cytochrome P450-D; cytochrome P450 family 1 subfamily A member 1; cytochrome P450, subfamily I (aromatic compound-inducible), polypeptide 1; cytochrome P450, family 1, subfamily A, polypeptide 1
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name CYP1A1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10681376, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2595}

Function A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various endogenous substrates, including fatty acids, steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed:[10681376](#), PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[15805301](#), PubMed:[18577768](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH--hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:[10681376](#), PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[15805301](#), PubMed:[18577768](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds. Exhibits high catalytic activity for the formation of hydroxysteroids from estrone (E1) and 17beta-estradiol (E2), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2, as well as D-ring hydroxylated E1 and E2 at the C15-alpha and C16- alpha positions (PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15805301](#)). Displays different regioselectivities for polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) hydroxylation (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[18577768](#)). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of certain PUFA (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Converts arachidonic acid toward epoxyeicosatrienoic acid (EET) regioisomers, 8,9-, 11,12-, and 14,15-EET, that function as lipid mediators in the vascular system (PubMed:[20972997](#)). Displays an absolute stereoselectivity in the epoxidation of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) producing the 17(R),18(S) enantiomer (PubMed:[15041462](#)). May play an important role in all-trans retinoic acid biosynthesis in extrahepatic tissues. Catalyzes two successive oxidative transformation of all-trans retinol to all-trans retinal and then to the active form all-trans retinoic acid (PubMed:[10681376](#)). May also participate in eicosanoids metabolism by converting hydroperoxide species into oxo metabolites (lipoxygenase-like reaction, NADPH-independent) (PubMed:[21068195](#)).

Cellular Location Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Microsome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}

Tissue Location Lung, lymphocytes and placenta.

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