

# **CCR3** Antibody

Catalog # ASC10006

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** P51677

Other Accession NP\_847899, 30581170
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 41044

**Conjugate** Unconjugated

**Application Notes** CCR3 antibody can be used for the detection of CCR3 by Western blot at 1 - 2

□g/mL.

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1232

Other Names CCR3 Antibody: CKR3, CD193, CMKBR3, CC-CKR-3, C-C chemokine receptor

type 3, Eosinophil eotaxin receptor, C-C CKR-3, chemokine (C-C motif)

receptor 3

Target/Specificity CCR3;

**Reconstitution & Storage** CCR3 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up

to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

**Precautions** CCR3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name CCR3

Synonyms CMKBR3

**Function** Receptor for C-C type chemokine. Binds and responds to a variety of

chemokines, including CCL11, CCL26, CCL7, CCL13, RANTES(CCL5) and CCL15 (PubMed:<u>7622448</u>, PubMed:<u>8642344</u>, PubMed:<u>8676064</u>). Subsequently transduces a signal by increasing the intracellular calcium ions level (PubMed:<u>8676064</u>). In addition acts as a possible functional receptor for

NARS1 (PubMed:30171954).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

## **Background**

CCR3 Antibody: Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and related virus require coreceptors to infect target cells. Some G protein-coupled receptors including CCR5, CXCR4, CCR3, CCR2b, CCR8, GPR15, STRL33, and CX3CR1 in the chemokine receptor family were recently identified as HIV coreceptors. CCR5, CXCR4 and CCR3 are the principal receptors for HIV fusion and entry of target cells. CCR3 facilitates infection by a subset of virus. CCR3 and CCR5 promote efficient infection of microglia, the major target cells in the CNS. High levels of CCR3 and CXCR4 expression were found on the neurons from both the central and peripheral nervous systems. The CCR3 ligand, eotaxin, and an anti-CCR3 antibody inhibited HIV infection of microglia. These results indicate CCR3 plays an important role in HIV infection of CNS.

#### References

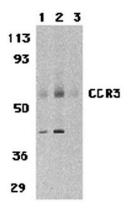
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Deng H, Liu R, Ellmeier W, et al. Identification of a major co-receptor for primary isolates of HIV-1. Nature 1996; 381:661-6.

Choe H, Farzan M, Sun Y, et al. The  $\beta$ -chemokine receptors CCR3 and CCR5 facilitate infection by primary HIV-1 isolates. Cell 1996; 85:1135-48.

He J, Chen Y, Farzan M, et al. CCR3 and CCR5 are co-receptors for HIV-1 infection of microglia. Nature 1997; 385:645-9.

## **Images**



Western blot analysis of CCR3 in human spleen tissue lysates with CCR3 antibody at 1 (lane 1) and 2  $\mu$ g/mL (lane 2), and 2  $\mu$ g/mL in the presence of blocking peptide (lane 3).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.