

# NIK Antibody

Catalog # ASC10016

# **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** 099558

Other Accession <u>Q99558</u>, <u>92090612</u>

Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
IgG
Calculated MW
104042
Concentration (mg/ml)
Conjugate
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
IgG
Unconjugate

**Application Notes** NIK antibody can be used for detection of NIK by Western blot at 1 - 2 \( \text{Ig/mL} \).

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 9020

Other Names NIK Antibody: HS, NIK, HSNIK, FTDCR1B, Mitogen-activated protein kinase

kinase kinase 14, NF-kappa-beta-inducing kinase, HsNIK, mitogen-activated

protein kinase kinase kinase 14

Target/Specificity MAP3K14;

**Reconstitution & Storage** NIK antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up

to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

**Precautions** NIK Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name MAP3K14 ( HGNC:6853)

**Function** Lymphotoxin beta-activated kinase which seems to be exclusively involved in

the activation of NF-kappa-B and its transcriptional activity. Phosphorylates CHUK/IKKA, thereby promoting proteolytic processing of NFKB2/P100, which

leads to NF-kappa-B activation via the non-canonical pathway

(PubMed: 25406581, PubMed: 29230214). Has an essential role in the

non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling that regulates genes encoding molecules involved in B-cell survival, lymphoid organogenesis, and immune response

(PubMed: <u>25406581</u>). Could act in a receptor-selective manner.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Weakly expressed in testis, small intestine, spleen, thymus, peripheral blood leukocytes, prostate, ovary and colon

# **Background**

NIK Antibody: Nuclear factor kappa B (NF- $\kappa$ B) is a ubiquitous transcription factor and an essential mediator of gene expression during activation of immune and inflammatory responses. NF- $\kappa$ B mediates the expression of a great variety of genes in response to extracellular stimuli including IL-1, TNF $\alpha$ , LPS and mitogens. A serine/threonine protein kinase which mediates NF- $\kappa$ B activation by IL-1, TNF $\alpha$  and CD95 was identified recently and designated NIK (for NF- $\kappa$ B inducing kinase). NIK is an activator of I $\kappa$ B kinase alpha and beta (IKK $\alpha$  and IKK $\beta$ ). Therefore, NIK is a key molecule in the NF- $\kappa$ B signaling pathway leading to the induction of a variety of gene expression in response to proinflammatory cytokines and bacteria products.

### References

Malinin NL, Boldin MP, Kovalenko AV, et al. MAP3K-related kinase involved in NF-κB induction by TNF, CD95 and IL-1. Nature 1997; 385:540-4.

Regnier CH, Song HY, Gao X, et al. Identification and characterization of an I $\kappa$ B kinase. Cell 1997; 90:373-83. Woronicz JD, Gao X, Cao Z, et al. I $\kappa$ B kinase- $\beta$ : NF- $\kappa$ B activation and complex formation with I $\kappa$ B kinase- $\alpha$  and NIK. Science 1997; 278:866-9.

Ling L, Cao Z, and Goeddel D. NF- $\kappa$ B-inducing kinase activates IKK- $\alpha$  by phosphorylation of Ser-176. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1998; 95:3792-7.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.