

KappaB ras2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10151

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** Q9NYR9

Other Accession NP_060065, 19072794
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 21508

Conjugate Unconjugated

Application Notes KappaB ras2 antibody can be used for detection of KappaB ras1 by Western

blot at 1 g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID 28511

Other Names KappaB ras2 Antibody: KBRAS2, kappaB-Ras2, KBRAS2, NF-kappa-B

inhibitor-interacting Ras-like protein 2, I-kappa-B-interacting Ras-like protein

2, Kappa B-Ras protein 2, NFKB inhibitor interacting Ras-like 2

Target/Specificity NKIRAS2;

Reconstitution & Storage KappaB ras2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable

for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged

high temperatures.

Precautions KappaB ras2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name NKIRAS2

Synonyms KBRAS2

Function Atypical Ras-like protein that acts as a potent regulator of NF-kappa-B

activity by preventing the degradation of NF-kappa-B inhibitor beta (NFKBIB) by most signals, explaining why NFKBIB is more resistant to degradation. May

act by blocking phosphorylation of NFKBIB and nuclear localization of p65/RELA NF-kappa-B subunit. It is unclear whether it acts as a GTPase. Both GTP- and GDP-bound forms block phosphorylation of NFKBIB (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Background

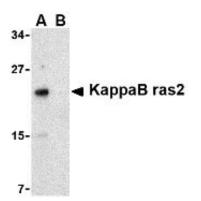
KappaB ras2 Antibody: KappaB ras-1 (κB-ras-1) and kappaB-ras-2 are two small proteins that similar to Ras-like small GTPases that associate with IκB (IκB), an inhibitor of the transcription factor NF-κB. IκB exists in two homologous forms, IκB-alpha and IκB-beta, although IκB-beta contains a unique 47-amino acid region within its ankyrin domain. While inactive IκB-alpha-NF-κB complexes can shuttle in and out of the nucleus, IκB-beta-NF-κB complexes are retained exclusively in the cytoplasm. It is suggested that kappaB-ras proteins preferentially bind to the IκB-beta form through this unique insert within the ankyrin region, thus modulating the cellular location of IκB-beta and regulating the rate of degradation of IκB-beta. This antibody is specific for kappaB-ras2 and has no cross-reactivity to kappaB-ras1.

References

Fenwick C, Na SY, Voll RE, et al. A subclass of Ras proteins that regulate the degradation of IkappaB. Science 2000; 287:869-73.

Chen Y, Wu J and Ghosh G. KappaB-Ras binds to the unique insert within the ankyrin repeat domain if IkappaBbeta and regulates cytoplasmic retention of IkappaBbeta x NF-kappaB complexes. J. Biol. Chem.2003; 278:23101-6.

Images



Western blot analysis of KappaB ras2 in RAW264.7 cell lysate with KappaB ras2 antibody at 1 µg/mL in the (A) absence and (B) presence of blocking peptide.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.